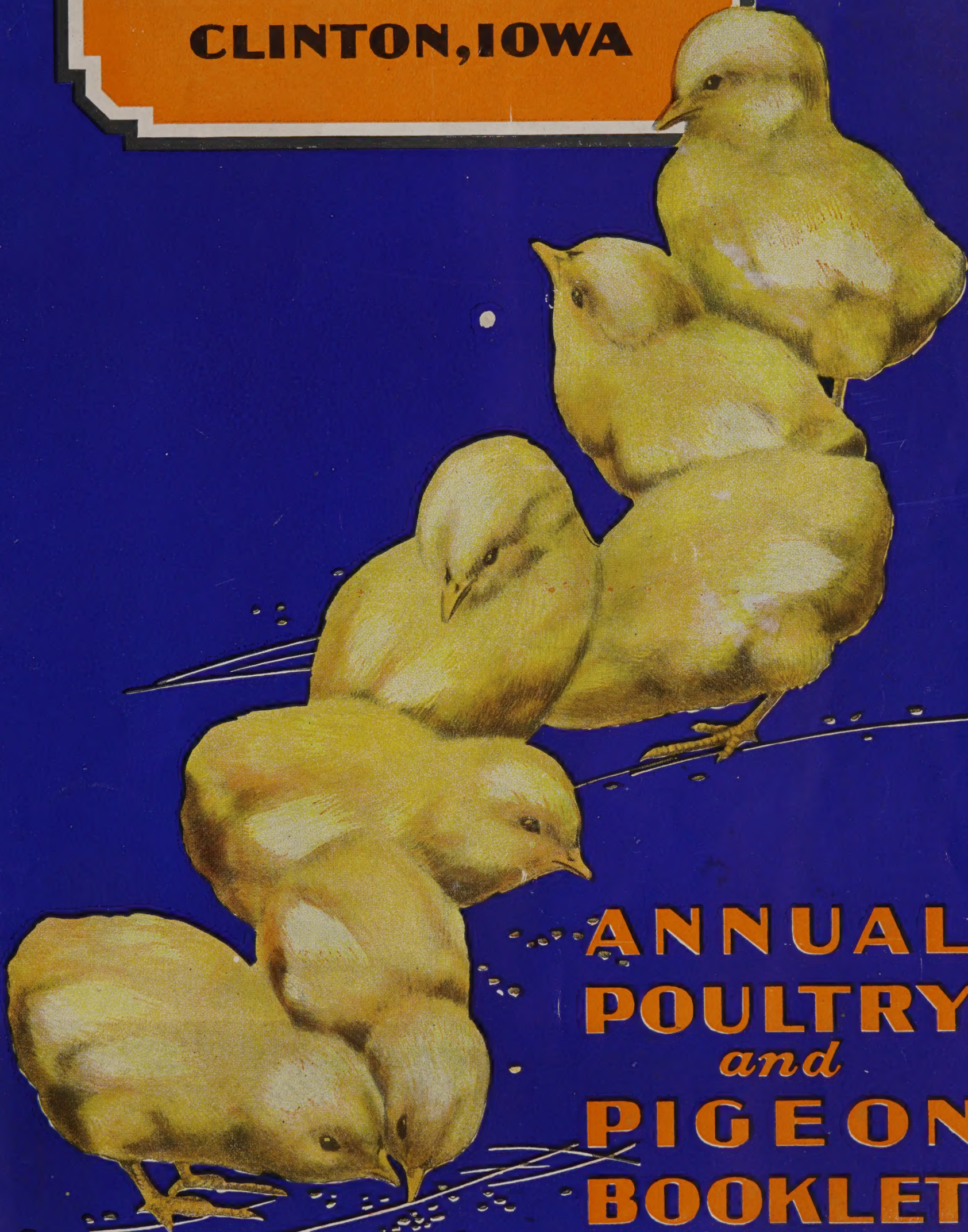


FRANK FOY & SONS
CLINTON, IOWA



ANNUAL
POULTRY
and
PIGEON
BOOKLET



Our Poultry and Pigeon Plant

Above is a good bird's-eye view of our breeding pens, laying houses and pigeon lofts, with colony houses in the background. Since this picture was taken we have added another long breeding pen to the right of the main building shown in the foreground.

Below is view of the residence and office with our big hatchery and shipping rooms in the rear, where orders for chicks, eggs and stock are packed for customers in every state.



Good Poultry Pays You More Profit from Your Work and Investment than Any Other Product on the Farm



FOLKS who have been raising good poultry are not discouraged, even if profits have not been as good as in former years. They have made a little money anyhow. These folks are not going out of the poultry business but are looking ahead to better times, because it always proves out that after a year or two of low prices, it is safe to expect several years of high prices.

Good poultry will always be the safest investment on the farm, surpassing other farm products in profits, and will pay more returns per dollar than any other activity on the farm.

Eggs Today Pay Profits Tomorrow

Whether egg prices are high or low, it certainly pays to raise the kind of poultry that lay a good proportion of well-shaped, good-size eggs, especially when they command the best prices, during the fall and early winter.

If you depend on poultry to bring you extra cash, make your plans now to get some good, vigorous, egg-bred chicks this coming Spring, and cash in on the profits that come with a well kept flock of good layers.

Put Only Good Chicks Under Your Brooder

Only good chicks can make it worth while—chicks that live and grow are the only ones that pay. Vigorous, healthy breeding flocks combined with proper hatching means everything to you when buying chicks.

The successful experience of our many customers is proof of the extra and intelligent care we exercise in the selection of breeders—then hatching their eggs right will in a large way determine your profits the coming year.

Success More Certain With Chicks that are Bred and Hatched Right at the Start

We are glad to have this opportunity to tell you all about our Foy Bred Chicks and Pigeons, about the breeding stock from which they come—how we have improved our strains, and what we have done to make them more profitable for you.

We believe you will want to try Foy Chicks and Pigeons if you are not already raising them. We hope you will read this book thoroughly, keep it for reference, for it contains a lot of information helpful to you in deciding where it is to your best advantage to buy chicks and stock.

We want you to feel that you can depend on us always to furnish you with chicks, eggs or mature stock that will bring real success and profits.



CHARLES W. FOY

The present manager of the Frank Foy Poultry Farms has made Poultry his lifework; and his advice, the result of many years' experience and experimental work is available to the many customers and friends of ours at all times.

Our Poultry Farm and Hatchery

ALMOST everyone likes to know something about the firm he is dealing with. It is doubly important that the purchaser of baby chicks know and have confidence in the hatchery or poultry farm with whom he will entrust his order, because his entire poultry profits for the year depend wholly on the kind and quality of chicks he starts with. Poor chicks are costly at any price. The well-bred, properly-hatched chick is always the money maker, but the hatching of a profitable chick requires good breeding stock, the very best of equipment, skill and experience. Therefore, we will devote a few pages of this book to becoming better acquainted, that you may visualize our hatchery and equipment and the methods we follow in producing pure-bred, healthy chicks.

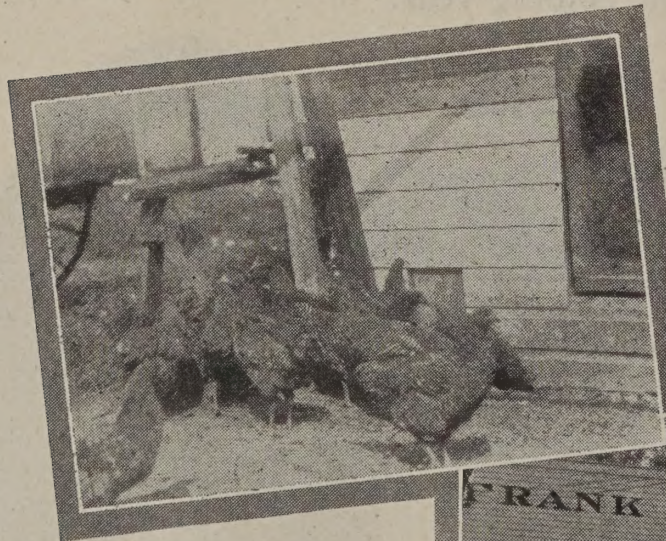
Iowa has long been known as one of the leading poultry states. The value of her poultry and poultry products alone amounts to millions of dollars each year. The Iowa farm that does not have at least one hundred hens is scarce indeed, many of them have two or three hundred, and flocks of five hundred and even larger are not uncommon. Ninety per cent of these fowls are not confined, but are given the range of the entire farm.

A Variety of Breeds to Select From

A situation such as this in a state where poultry is raised almost universally can bring about but one thing—a diversity of breeds. Leghorns are not raised exclusively, nor Rhode Island Reds nor Barred Rocks. Each poultry raiser wants a breed different from his neighbors, so he can “Tell them apart,” and because of this any breed of merit is likely to be found.

About three-fourths of the fowls raised are those of the heavy, or dual purpose breeds, the remainder being the lighter egg varieties. Curiously enough, a high percentage of this poultry is pure-bred, closely culled for egg production, and on a paying basis. The rule of Quality prevails, and it is not any wonder that each year more and more people are looking to Iowa for their baby chicks and breeding stock.

In the period from 1915 to 1920 several vital changes took place that were to affect the entire poultry industry. In the first place, mammoth incubators were invented and perfected. Secondly, a new and safe shipping container for baby chicks was perfected, and last and most important, the government made a new parcel post ruling to the effect that baby chicks could be mailed by parcel post. The special handling that all chicks receive while in transit assures them the best of care and service and absolutely no delays. Chicks oftentimes go through the mails faster than a first class letter.



Barred Rock pullets, four and one half months of age.

A daily scene at our hatchery. Each year thousands of chicks are sold within a radius of a few miles of Clinton. Our home people have been quick to recognize the value of Foy-hatched chicks. Here they are, taking them away.



In 1920, just eleven years ago, we made our first venture into the business of hatching baby chicks for others than ourselves. Previous to that time we had hatched thousands for our own use, but none to be sold to others.

The first incubator purchased held only five thousand eggs. Rather small as incubators go today, but it certainly looked monstrous to us then. Each year we have added more and better equipment, until today we have a total capacity of well over three hundred thousand eggs. Pictured elsewhere on these pages are snapshots taken here and there in our hatchery. Only a few of the battery of fourteen mammoth incubators, each holding thousands of eggs, could be shown in these photographs.

Hatching chicks—the method and equipment used—has a lot to do with the health, constitution, and the rate at which a chick will grow. The kind of hatching equipment necessary to turn out robust, sturdy chicks in great quantity costs more than the small hatchery can afford, hence the small operator is often handicapped by lack of proper facilities to give you uniform quality or prompt service on your order. Here at Foy Hatcheries, because of our immense and adequate equipment, you are always sure of the quality and performance of the flock you buy, and of the fullest and best of service.

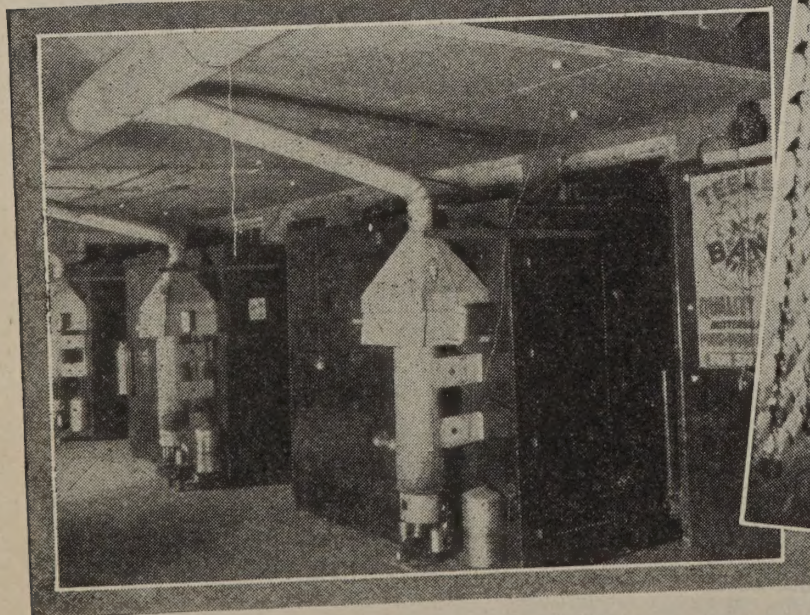
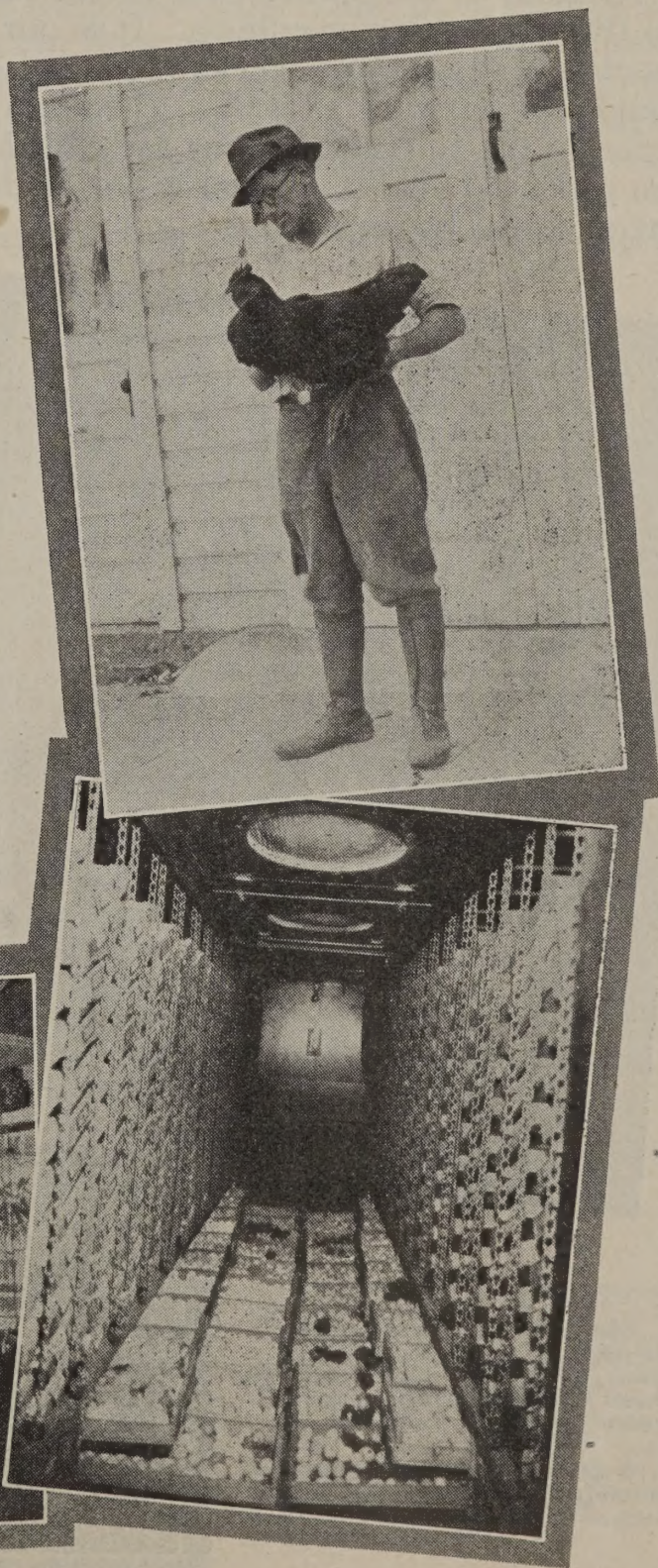
Chicks Practically Nine Months of the Year

Eggs are set so as to bring out the first hatches in February. After that the number of chicks hatching daily rapidly increases until the peak of production is reached in May. One or two of the large incubators are usually operated all summer and fall to supply the summer and fall demand; thus you can get Foy chicks from February until mid-October, almost the year around. Some of the rare varieties such as Hamburgs and Dark Cornish are hatched only during the spring months, from March first until July first.

One of our customers, Mr. Eggers, holding a Jersey Black Giant cockerel.

An interior view of one of the mammoth incubators, photographed just as the eggs were starting to hatch.

Another partial view. It was impossible for the photographer to take a picture showing all of the fourteen large incubators in the hatchery.



We Personally Cull and Mate Every One of Our Breeding Flocks

LIKE begets like. You can no more get sturdy, liveable, bred-to-lay chicks from run down, diseased or poor quality flocks, than you could expect to hatch Leg-horns from Barred Rock eggs. Remember, if a chick is to pay it **MUST** have breeding back of it, whether that breeding be for show qualities, high egg production, vitality, or a combination of all three of these very desirable qualities.

Here at the Frank Foy Poultry Farm, we learned from thirty-six years of experience that only chicks hatched from parent flocks, bred with high average egg-production, uniform growth, vigor and freedom from disease could pay a profit.

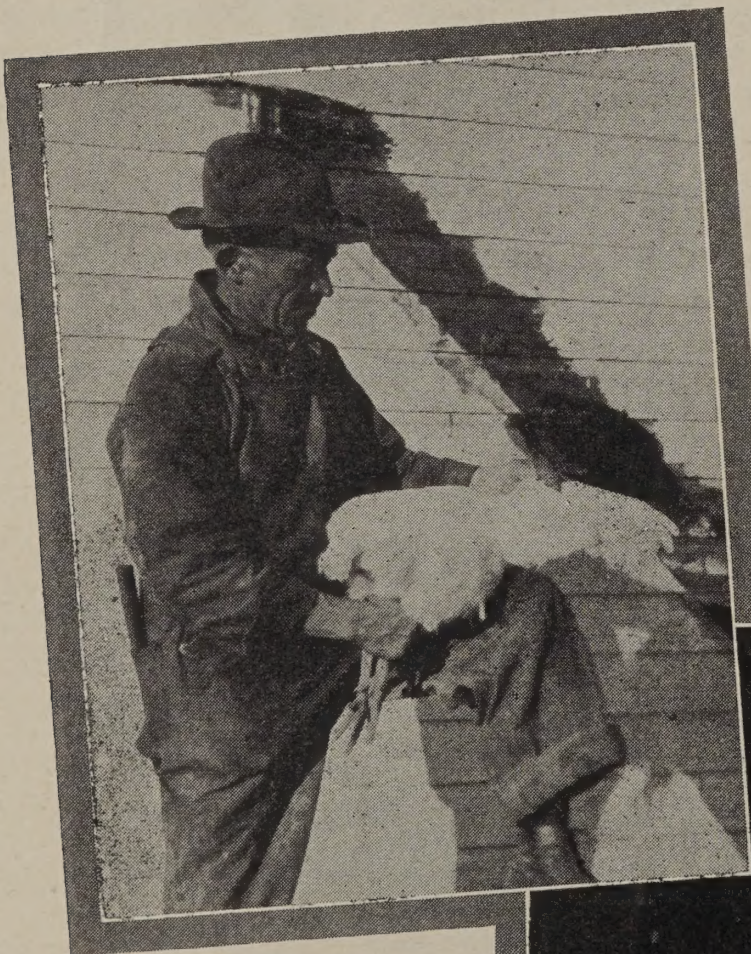
The raising, care and supervision of the breeding stock that produces the thousands of Foy Chicks each year is no small task in itself. There are hundreds of details to be looked after. The feed must be well balanced and proper, houses dry, clean, well ventilated and sufficiently large. Then there is culling and inspection three times each year or oftener, the selection of cockerels that head the flocks, special mating pens to be picked out, etc.

The All Important Summer Culling

As soon as the spring rush of the hatching season is over, each flock is given a very thorough summer culling. It is our aim to produce bred-to-lay chicks, and the hens that give us these chicks must not only lay in winter and spring, but continue through the summer as well. Therefore any hens that show evidences of poor production in the summer months are culled out and disposed of. This summer culling, when practiced year after year is one of the most important steps toward the development of a real laying strain.

Fall Accreditation

It is in the fall that most of the important mating and breeding work is carried out. At that time each individual breeding bird is gone over carefully by an authorized state inspector. This man is not interested in the hatchery in any way, but is hired by the State Poultry Improvement Association. He handles each bird carefully, going over it for defects and disqualifications much the same as a judge in the show room would.



Examining a cockerel prior to putting him in a breeding pen. The male birds that head Foy flocks must be outstanding in every way.

A group of White Wyandotte pullets.



Just one off-colored feather in a white bird, a small side sprig on a comb or a stub on the leg of a clean-legged variety is enough to disqualify that bird as a breeder, regardless of how good the bird is otherwise, or what its production has been. In other words, every single breeding bird used to produce our chicks must not have a disqualification of any kind. Close watch is also kept that there will be no birds with physical defects. Crooked toes, twisted feathers, knock knees, or wry tails are not tolerated.

Close attention is also given to the type and weight of the breeders. Birds that do not come to within one-half pound of the standard set for that breed are discarded. Type for the breed is also considered, and no birds kept that do not conform to a reasonable degree to the standard set for the shape of that breed.

In addition to all this selection for type, color, and breed characteristics we go one step further and select for vigor and health. This is of special importance to the purchaser of baby chicks, because this same vigor and health will be transmitted through the egg to the chick that you buy ready hatched from the Frank Foy Farms.

Fall accreditation also covers the selection and banding of male birds. At this time cockerels are gone over carefully. Those suited to head our flocks or to be sold as breeders are marked—the balance are sold on the market.

The Final Check-up in Spring

Many hatcheries go over their flocks but once each year—that is, if they go over them at all. Not so with us. In addition to our Summer Culling and Fall Accreditation work, we give the flocks one final check in the spring months when the birds should be in the height of production. This inspection is also done by an authorized state man, who sees that all flocks are in first-class shape to produce healthy, liveable chicks.

Space does not permit us to go into all the details of flock selection, mating and management. It is sufficient to say that it is to our benefit just as much as to yours, to have our breeding stock in the best possible condition at all times. Good chicks can come only from good parent stock, and since our future business depends solely on satisfied customers you can feel sure that we combine the most modern methods of flock management together with thirty-six years experience in the poultry business, toward the production of chicks that will do all that we claim for them.



No show bird is ever judged more carefully than the males that head our flocks. Any male we use could compete in the show room without danger of being disqualified.

An inspector doing fall accreditation work. Only well trained men who have passed rigid requirements are qualified by the Iowa Poultry Improvement Association to do this work.

Chicks from Each One of Our Breeding Flocks are Regularly Tested for Liveability

TEN YEARS in the hatchery business has taught us many things. One of the first peculiarities coming to our attention was the difference in liveability of baby chicks. Two bunches of baby chicks may look the same. The parent stock may be in the best of health and condition, and even the chicks of both bunches may be hatched at the same time and in the same incubator—nevertheless, for no apparent reason, the chicks from one bunch will almost all live and grow, and the chicks from the other will almost all die. That difference is *liveability*.

Liveability in chicks is a study in itself. On first thought it would seem that the liveability of a chick would depend entirely on the health and vigor of the parent stock. This is true only to the extent that it requires good healthy breeding stock to produce good healthy chicks, but on the other hand, good healthy breeding stock may also produce chicks that it is simply impossible to raise. These chicks lack that inherited factor called liveability, which scientists and our experiment stations tell us is inherited just like plumage pattern and egg production.

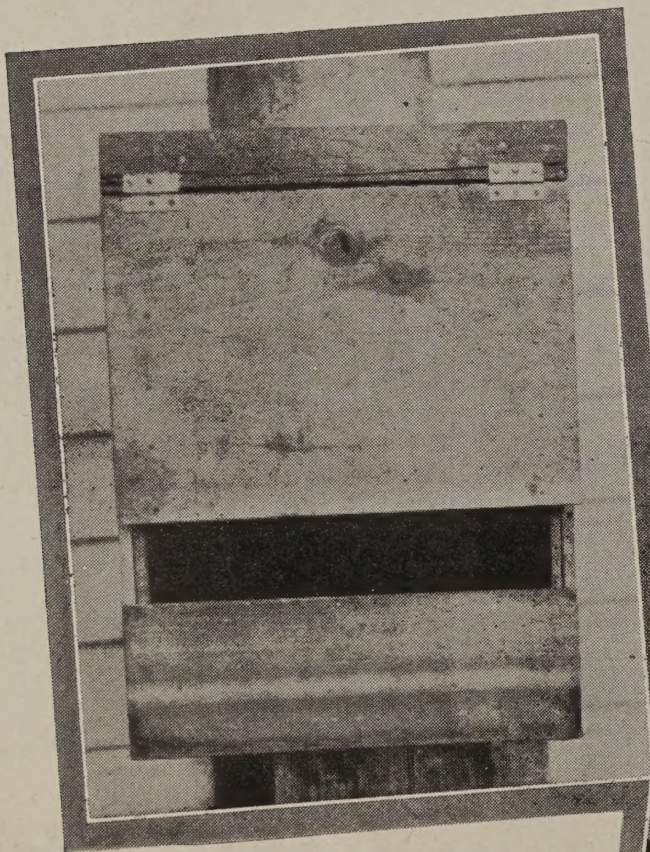
Too many chicks in the last few years have been bought on the strength of some high sounding name used to describe them. What the average chick buyer wants are chicks that live, make good growth, come into production early, and give a good average production of large sized eggs.

A very poor business man indeed is he who can not foresee that satisfied customers will always be the life blood of any successful enterprise. The poultry business is no exception to the rule—satisfied customers are our best boosters.

This thought was uppermost in our minds when we built, at no little expense—our giant testing and storage brooder. It was conceived and planned as a storage place for baby chicks, to enable the buying public to purchase chicks not only of known breeding value and bred for egg production, but also with a known expectancy as to liveability as well. In other words, *proven chicks*.

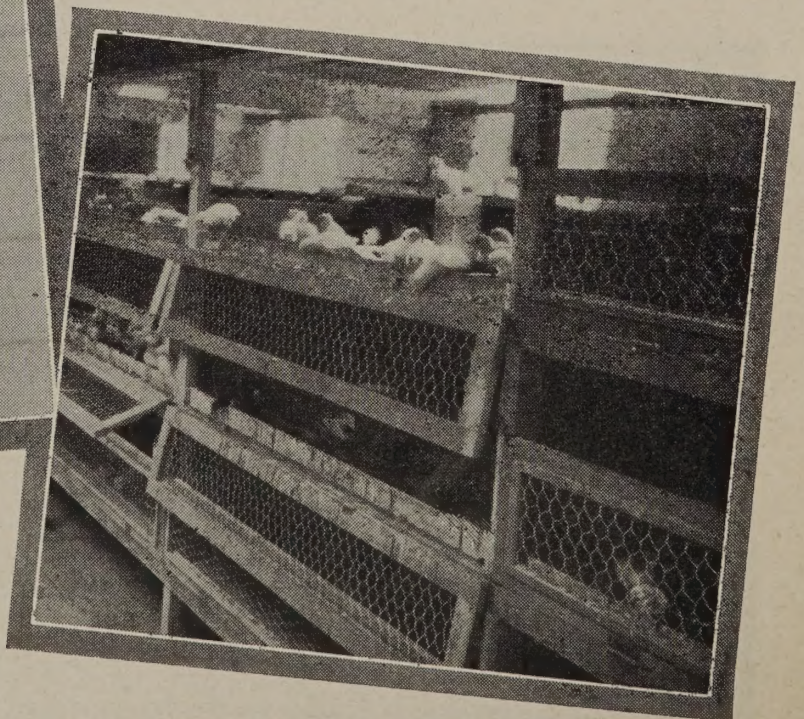
Test Covers Three Most Critical Weeks

Eight thousand four hundred chicks can be brooded and tested in our brooder at one time. Because of absolute control of all variable factors, the liveability of any bunch of chicks can be accurately determined. For instance, the heat is always uniform, seldom varying more than two or three degrees from a given temper-



A box-like arrangement by means of which we fumigate the incubators with formaldehyde gas before and after every hatch. This assures you healthy, disease-free chicks.

Chicks in the storage brooder undergoing tests for health and liveability.



ature. Feed is watched so as to be uniform for all chicks on test. Sanitation is rigidly enforced, all chicks being free from external or internal parasites of any kind. In short, the chicks are given the very best of care, and are all treated exactly alike. The usual test covers a period of three weeks.

With equipment and facilities of this kind at hand it is a simple matter to test every breeding flock. The usual procedure is to start early in the season, taking twenty-five or fifty chicks from each flock or mating. A daily record of performance is kept on each individual bunch of chicks, and whenever a mortality occurs it is checked on the record card being kept for that pen. At the end of the test period the liveability for each breeding flock tested is computed. *Should the chicks from any flock indicate an excessive degree of mortality, that flock will be discarded as a breeding flock, regardless of whatever other merits the flock may possess.*

Chicks That Live are the Ones That Pay a Profit

Personally we feel that we have taken a very forward step in making these tests. Another one of the uncertainties of raising chicks has been done away with. The value of *proven chicks*—chicks from parent stock that has proven by actual test to be producers of healthy, liveable chicks—is easily recognized. No expense is spared on our part in hatching and sending out chicks of genuine quality and merit; chicks that will uphold our already well established reputation in the poultry business. The ever increasing number of people that send to the Frank Foy Farms year after year for their baby chicks is one of the best proofs we can give you that our chicks live, grow, and make money for those who buy them.

These Cards Tell a Story Better Than Words

At the right is the record of a White Leghorn flock. 94% of these chicks lived to the completion of the test (3 weeks) and perhaps 90% would reach maturity.

These chicks were not hand picked, but just as they came from the incubator

Storage Brooder Record
of
Health and Liveability

Feb 22-'29 Mar. 15-'29
Test Started Test Ended

No. Chix Started	Breed	Flock Number	No. Chix Living at End of Test	Percentage of Liveability
50	S.C.W. Leg	HB-36	47	94%

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 Total

1st wk.		1				1	2
2nd wk.							0
3rd wk.	1						1
4th wk.							3

←
Daily Record of Mortality

Storage Brooder Record
of
Health and Liveability

Mar 1-'29 Mar 29-'29
Test Started Test Ended

No. Chix Started	Breed	Flock Number	No. Chix Living at End of Test	Percentage of Liveability
50	Spanish	C.H.	21	42%

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 Total

1st wk.		3	1	2		1	7
2nd wk.	2	1	4	1	3	1	14
3rd wk.	2	1	1		2		6
4th wk.		1			1		2
							29

←
Daily Record of Mortality

At the left is the record of a bunch of W. F. Black Spanish chicks. At the end of the test (4 weeks) only 21 were living. This flock was discarded because it did not produce liveable chicks.

Why It's Best to Buy Baby Chicks

THE old setting hen has had her day. At one time the sole means of perpetuating her race, she is now fast losing ground to modern incubators, and about the only duty left her is that of laying eggs. Modern methods and living call for efficiency. The setting hen is a non-producing hen. Persistent broodiness is associated with low egg production—it is time wasted in the life of a hen that should be laying and working—and the hen that loafers must go.

There are plenty of statistics to show that it is poor policy to depend on the old hens for the hatching of next year's poultry crop. In the first place each hen will lose a couple of pounds in weight while setting. She will also lose eight to ten weeks of egg production, because while she is hatching and raising her chicks she will not lay. Taken as an average, each hen will raise only eight or nine chicks. Everything considered, it costs about five cents per chick more to hatch with the hen than it does to buy the chicks ready hatched from the hatchery.

The small, home operated incubator is losing out, too. The operation of an incubator and the hatching of chicks by the ordinary poultry raiser was always an arduous task, particularly since hatching time usually comes right in the midst of the busiest season of the year. After working hard all day very few people like the chore of getting up at least once in the night to check the incubator temperature—and you can not blame them. Furthermore, there is always more or less danger of fire with any machine, no matter how carefully you run it.

It is little wonder then, that the hatchery has come into existence. If the hatcheryman is honest, if he has the right kind of breeding stock from which he hatches his chicks, if his equipment is good and if he applies scientific methods of incubation; then he can sell you better chicks—and cheaper—than you can possibly hatch at home.



One aisle of our storage brooder where chicks from each flock are tested for health and liveability.

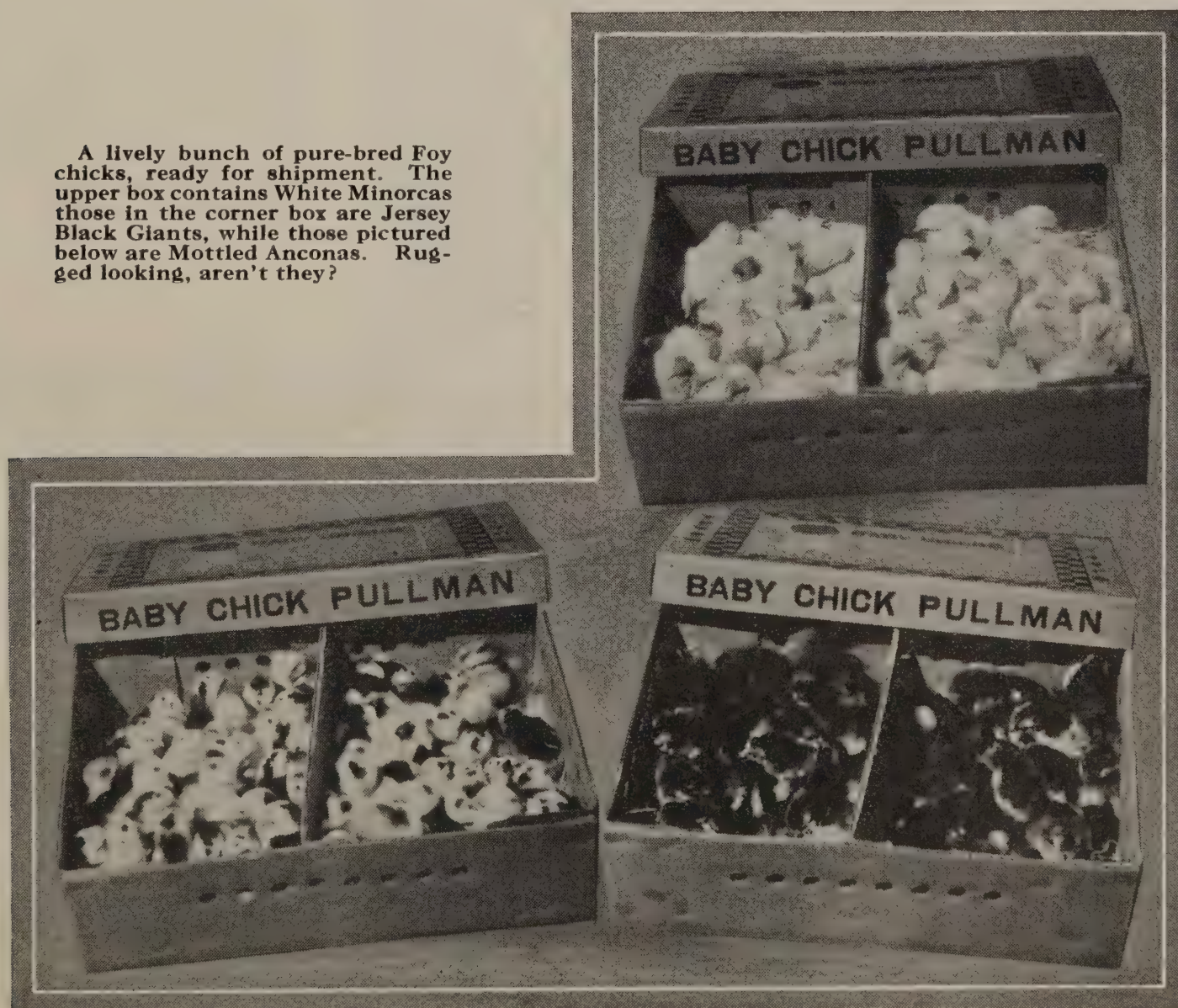
Another problem of management solved by the Hatchery is that of uniformity of flocks. We all know that it is very poor policy to have chicks ranging in size from almost full grown to newly hatched. The late chicks never seem to do well. They do not grow fast, they are crowded by the older ones and they have difficulty in getting enough to eat or drink. It is always these late chicks that are the first to contract colds and disease in the fall. How much simpler it is to start your entire flock at once, have them grow up all the same size and have them out of the way at one time. In the fall the pullets will all be alike and ready to go into the laying house at one time. No wonder people say "the Hatchery has made Poultry Raising easy for us."

The rapid growth of the hatching industry in the past few years is proof enough in itself that more and more people are finding it not only better but cheaper to buy their chicks ready hatched. The problem now is, "Where will I buy my chicks to get the best quality, the healthiest and most liveable chicks and the most for my money?"

Distance does not make any difference. Chicks can be hatched in Iowa, shipped to Texas, New Jersey or Connecticut and arrive at destination in as good condition as if you called at the hatchery in person for them. Chicks can be held 48 to 72 hours after hatching before they are fed and they are just as well off in their shipping containers riding in warm steam heated mail cars as they are at home. Since distance does not count the main thing for the prospective purchaser of chicks to find out is the reputation and experience of the hatcheryman or breeder with whom he is thinking of placing his order. He wants to know how much time and money that man spent in improving his flocks, what precautions he takes to send out healthy, liveable chicks and whether or not he is prepared to handle your order quickly and efficiently.

Thirty-six years in business, each year serving more customers, speaks well of our reputation for reliability and fair dealing. Hard work on our part, close culling and careful mating assure you of genuine quality. Our chicks are pure-bred; they have in them the blood of many generations of heavy laying ancestors. In other words they live, they grow, they lay—and best of all, they will make money for you.

A lively bunch of pure-bred Foy chicks, ready for shipment. The upper box contains White Minorcas those in the corner box are Jersey Black Giants, while those pictured below are Mottled Anconas. Rugged looking, aren't they?



Special Exhibition Strains

WE CAN and do sell stock for show-purpose raising. Nobody in the poultry field is more interested in prize-winning fowls, or knows the delight and profit of breeding and raising them better than we. And with our lifetime of study, experiment and successful experience with all kinds of poultry, including show fowls, we doubt if there are many who know more about the subject.

Every year when selecting, mating and culling our flocks, we find some birds with an outstanding record or of particularly fine development in show points. These are exceptional specimens of entirely pure strain breed for generations back. They make excellent fowls for entering in shows or contests, or for starting or strengthening a show-bird strain. Frequently we have calls for such birds from customers who are familiar with Foy-bred quality, and many of these have taken a number of prizes. Many of our old customers regularly buy these birds—or chicks or eggs from their matings—not for show purposes at all, but for the purpose of getting extra fine cockerels to head their flocks for the coming year. They find this an effective and economical way.

Single Males from our Special Exhibition Strain range in price from \$6.00 to \$15.00 each and hens and pullets from \$5.00 to \$10.00 each, depending on breed and quality.

Barred Plymouth Rocks
White Plymouth Rocks
S. C. Brown Leghorns
Buff Plymouth Rocks
Silver Spangled Hamburgs

White Wyandottes
S.C.W. Leghorns (Prince Pearl)
Light Brahmas
Rhode Island Reds
S. L. Wyandottes
Golden Wyandottes

Buff Orpingtons
White Orpingtons
Single Comb Buff Leghorns
Single Comb Mottled Anconas
Black Minorcas
Dark Cornish

Chicks, 25 chicks, \$7.50; 50 chicks, \$14.00; 100 chicks, \$25.00; Eggs, \$3.00 per 15.



These three Dodge trucks are kept busy the year around. The closed one in the center delivers chicks to the trains

Boxes of pure-bred chicks being weighed and stamped at the hatchery.



Every chick that we ship to you is individually examined and selected. You would be surprised to see how much care is used in sorting and inspecting chicks for shipment.

Information That Will Help You Decide

OUR Pigeon Plant is open for your inspection at all times. Visitors are always welcome any day in the week except Sundays. During the hatching season the hatchery is open every day in the week, Sunday included. We cordially invite you to visit us and see the chicks hatching at any day or hour, during the spring months.

It is a well known fact that if there are a number of odd birds in a pigeon loft there are more males than females. Quite often we receive orders for extra females, and in order to supply them it is necessary to break up mated pairs. Therefore, when females alone are ordered, we make a charge of two-thirds of the price of a mated pair for the single female. This is true of all breeds except Yellow Fantails and Yellow Carneaux. In these two breeds odd male birds cost two-thirds the price of a mated pair.

Neither pigeons nor matured fowls can be shipped by Parcel Post. They must go by Express.

Prices quoted in this book on grown breeding stock and pigeons are f. o. b. Clinton, Iowa, crates included.

We pay the postage or express charges on all shipments of baby chicks. Not all hatcheries do this, many of them sending chicks out collect and letting the customer pay the parcel post or express charges when they arrive.

Our guarantee covers 100% live delivery to your post office or express office, but we can not be responsible for chicks if they are carried long distances on a rural route with no adequate means of protection. It is always advisable to call at the post office for your chicks and take them home yourself. If you leave word with the postmaster that you are expecting baby chicks he will gladly call you when they arrive.

We put extra chicks in every shipment, large or small.

A good brooder is almost a necessity if you are going to raise chicks in large numbers.

White Rock and White Wyandotte chicks are sometimes smoky looking when hatched. The first wing feathers in Black Minorcas and Black Giants are sometimes white. The first feathers in Brown Leghorns, Reds, and Orpingtons are oftentimes off-color for the breed, but this is not an indication that the chicks are not pure-bred because when these first chick feathers are molted the plumage will come out as it should.

By all means feed a good, buttermilk starting mash when starting your chicks. You will be money ahead by doing so—your chicks will grow faster, and you will lose fewer of them.

Accurate records of each order are kept in our office. Because of this, we can furnish you with unrelated chicks, eggs or breeding stock from year to year.

It is always best to order chicks six weeks or two months in advance to insure your getting them at the exact time you want them. A deposit of two cents per chick will hold your order and the balance can be sent three weeks before the chicks are due to be shipped.

We do not make a practise of sending chicks out C. O. D. Occasionally we have made shipments where half the amount due has been paid, mailing the chicks C. O. D. the balance. It costs from twenty-five to fifty cents additional to send out an order C. O. D.

Brooders can be shipped by freight if ordered in plenty of time.

All shipments of fowls and pigeons are crated in light but strong coops, in order that express charges may be reduced to a minimum.

Eggs for hatching are carefully wrapped in excelsior and packed in new baskets or boxes. We guarantee nine live chicks from each setting of eggs purchased from us. Should you get only eight chicks or less, we will replace the setting at half price, once during the season.

We place no guarantee on the fertility or hatchability of Turkey, Duck or Geese eggs. Likewise, we do not guarantee eggs where they are hatched in an incubator, as we can not be responsible for the manner in which many people operate such machines.

Our Modern Pigeon Plant

OUR pigeon plant, the largest of its kind in this part of the country, is very well known throughout the middle west wherever pigeons are raised or spoken of. Hundreds of people stop here in the course of a year to pay us a visit, to see the twenty or more different kinds of pigeons, and to pick up whatever information they can on feeding, care and general management as we apply it in our own lofts where we house several thousand birds.

Approximately three-fourths of the stock here consists of the more important squabbing varieties—that is—White Kings, Silver Kings, Carneaux and Homers. The rest are rare breeds such as German Larks, Hungarians, Maltese, Mondaines and Show Homers. Likewise ornamental breeds, Fantails, Pouters, Turbits, Trumpeters, and others, including two pens of registered Racing Homers.

Four large buildings, constructed especially for pigeons house the most of our birds. Three of these are devoted entirely to the squab producing breeds and the fourth mostly to the fancy and ornamental varieties. Running water is piped to each individual pen. Feeding is done in hoppers from the alleyway at the back of each house. Both feeding and watering is accomplished without entering the breeding pen—a good plan to follow since the breeding birds are seldom disturbed. Houses and nest boxes are cleaned regularly, summer and winter.

How We Ship Pigeons

In addition to the pigeon houses we have one building devoted to shipping, where our coops are built and the pigeons made ready for shipment. Here also, we have a number of mating coops and pens.

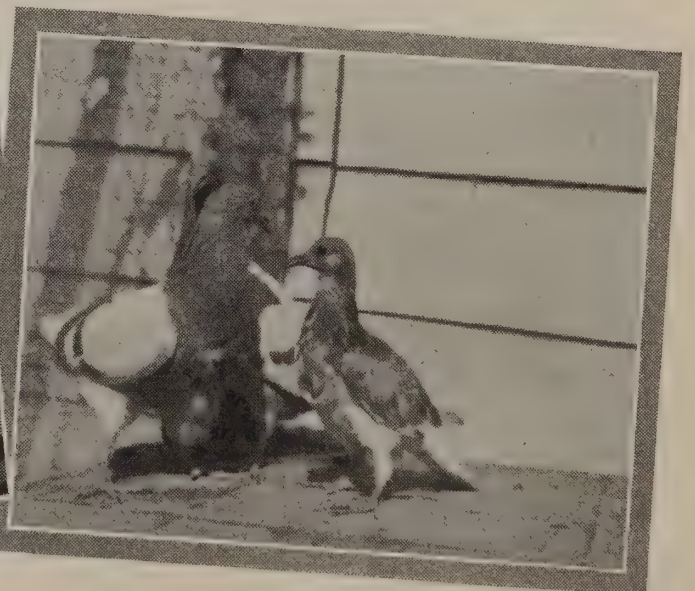
We make shipment of pigeons the first four days of the week only, so that all pigeons will reach destination before Sunday. All orders, large and small, are given the same careful attention. Orders for ten pair or less are shipped at once, but when more birds than this are sent for we usually take a few days time to check over the pairs, see that they are properly mated and in condition to go to work for their new owners immediately.



The newest of our four large pigeon houses. This one is 130 feet in length.

Two men are employed the year around who do nothing but care for the pigeons.

Squabs of the same age. The largest one is a Silver King—the small one from common barnyard parentage. About the same amount of feed was consumed in raising each squab, but the King was worth more than twice the common on the market.



FOY'S UTILITY CHICKS

AT DEPRESSION PRICES

THE FRANK FOY POULTRY FARM has never sold on a price basis. For the past 38 years we have been breeders of purebred poultry, maintaining purity of breed and developing heavy laying strains. Long before the trapnest came into general use we were advertising "Bred-To-Lay" poultry. Our business has been built on Quality—cost was secondary—although our eggs and chicks have always been sold at a fair price.

Now there are any number of poultry raisers who would like to continue with their usual number of highest quality chicks this season. All through the trying times of the past two years eggs and poultry have been their best paying crops. These people want to buy chicks again, but they are short of cash. With them money is hard to get, and they realize the necessity of MAKING EVERY DOLLAR COUNT.

For those people who want to continue raising chicks, but who do not want to invest much money in them, we recommend our UTILITY chicks. They can not be excelled for the price. They come from purebred flocks that we ourselves have culled and mated. They are given the same careful attention in hatching, packing and shipping that is given to the higher grade chicks.

Do not be afraid of these chicks because of their low prices. You will find them easy to raise, and their quality far better than you would expect for the money.

WE PREPAY PARCEL POST CHARGES AND GUARANTEE 100% LIVE DELIVERY THE SAME AS ON THE HIGHER PRICED CHICKS.

Prices on UTILITY Chicks

	50	100	300	500
Single Comb White Leghorns.....	\$ 4.00	\$ 7.50	\$21.00	\$35.00
Single Comb Brown Leghorns.....	4.00	7.50	21.00	35.00
Single Comb Buff Leghorns.....	4.00	7.50	21.00	35.00
Single Comb Mottled Anconas.....	4.00	7.50	21.00	35.00
Single Comb Black Minorcas.....	4.50	8.50	24.50	40.00
Barred Plymouth Rocks	4.50	8.50	24.50	40.00
Buff Plymouth Rocks	4.50	8.50	24.50	40.00
White Plymouth Rocks	4.50	8.50	24.50	40.00
Single Comb Rhode Island Reds.....	4.50	8.50	24.50	40.00
Rose Comb Rhode Island Reds.....	4.50	8.50	24.50	40.00
White Wyandottes	5.00	9.50	27.00	45.00
Silver Laced Wyandottes	5.00	9.50	27.00	45.00
Buff Orpingtons	5.00	9.50	27.00	45.00
White Orpingtons	5.00	9.50	27.00	45.00

NO EARLY ORDER DISCOUNTS ALLOWED ON FOY'S UTILITY CHICKS PRICED ABOVE.

You are welcome to visit our pigeon farm at any time. We are here every day in the week, except Sundays, and we will be glad to give you suggestions to the best of our knowledge regarding feeding, housing, and other questions that the average pigeon raiser might want to ask.

Our Pigeons are Raised Under Ideal Conditions

We have often been asked by fellow pigeon breeders, not so favorably situated, just how we can send out the type and quality of breeding stock that we do at prices from one-third to one-fourth less than other breeders are asking. The question is easily answered in a few words—location, size and experience.

To start with, it is our good fortune to be located here in the middle west in one of the most favored agricultural sections. Corn, wheat and peas, the three chief ingredients of a pigeon's diet, can be grown on almost any Iowa farm. *The largest single item of cost in the raising of a squab to maturity is that of feed.* Since we are located right here in a part of the country where grain and feed are produced the cheapest, does it not stand to reason that we can raise good pigeons—raise them cheaper—and consequently give our customers more for their money, than could those breeders located in less favored regions?

Another factor to consider is that of overhead. Every man who sells pigeons for breeding purposes, whether it be just a few pairs per year or many thousands, has to add something to the cost of each pair to take care of his overhead expense. However, the more birds he sells per year, the less this expense will be per pair. The pigeon division of our organization is a large one, in fact we have ample room for five thousand breeding birds. In the operation of a plant as large as this the overhead expense is reduced to but a few cents per bird, and this saving in turn is passed on to the purchaser.

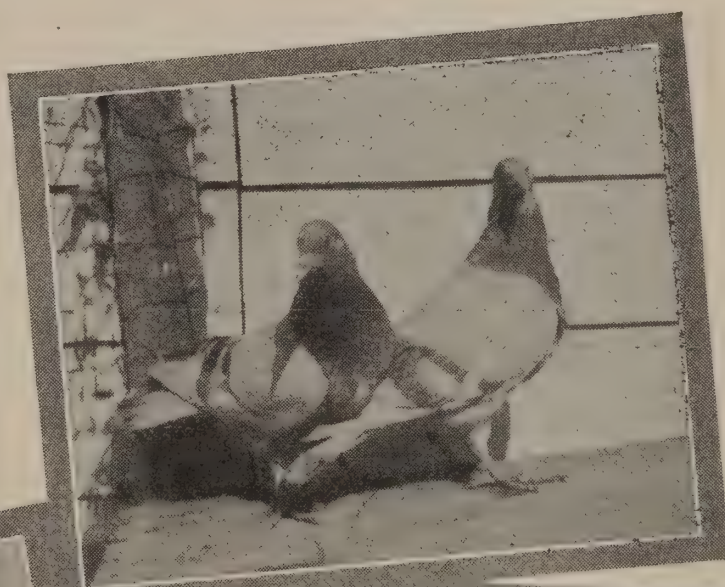
Little need be said as to our experience in the pigeon business. Thirty-six years in the business has given us much in the way of experience, until now the keeping and raising of pigeons is a pleasure.

Let me state again that every factor of economical production is in our favor—low cost of feed, modern methods, size and experience. For this reason we do not hesitate to say that we honestly believe we can give you the utmost for your money in mated pairs of pigeons, whether you want them for squabbers, show stock, or ornamental purposes.

Four week old Silver King squabs ready for market. Note the broad, plump breasts and size of these birds.

A pen of Colored Homers—the most prolific of all breeds.

Carneau squabs, another splendid breed for market.



Please Read Before Ordering

WHEN ordering fowls, baby chicks, incubators, brooders or poultry remedies, just write down what you want and enclose the money, a postoffice money order, an express money order or a bank draft for the amount. Be sure to seal your letter well and to put a stamp on it, or the letter may be delayed in the mails. We get thousands of dollars in bills each year, which come in letters which have not been registered, but this is not absolutely safe, as it is better to register your letter if you enclose bills or coin. The registry fee is fifteen cents besides the regular postage.

Freight or Express

Fowls and pigeons are always sent by express. Express companies charge for the exact number of pounds in a shipment while freight is charged for 100 pounds no matter how small the package is. This usually makes it cheaper to send packages by express and such things as fowls and eggs must be sent in this way to avoid delays.

Our poultry remedies, and all small articles, like thermometers, leg bands, etc., are sent by mail.

Our Terms

Cash with every order, whether you are rated A-1, or have no rating at all. We don't mean to be discourteous to any one, it is simply our way of doing business, and it figures largely in making the low prices we do. Everybody knows that the maintenance of a credit system with the consequent bookkeeping, and so on, is expensive. So are bad accounts. We have neither—you get the benefit of the lower prices. You risk nothing by complying with our terms.

Clinton Reached by Main Railroads

Direct railway lines reach from Clinton in every direction. The fast trains on these railroads leave Clinton at all hours of the day and night. Baby chicks, mature stock or eggs are never held up at our station. There are no junctions or transfers from one train to another. We believe we have the best facilities for quick shipment to any part of the country of any large poultry breeder and dealer. We gain from a few hours to a full day in time from the packing to delivery on many hatcheries less favorably situated. Chicks leaving our hatchery in the morning and given the Special Handling service that the Post Office requires will reach their destination the following evening at almost any point in the United States, east of the Rockies, Maine excepted. During this time the chicks are more comfortable in their warm, specially constructed shipping boxes than they would be under the hen herself, and that is why we have no fear in guaranteeing 100% live delivery. Experience has taught us that the loss in shipping is only about one chick for each two hundred shipped, and the extras we put in each box more than take care of this.

Postal and express regulations prohibit us from shipping chicks to Washington, Oregon or California.

Foreign Shipments

We can make shipment of baby chicks to points in the United States and the southern and central provinces of Canada only.

Eggs for hatching may be safely sent to all points in the United States, Canada, and Mexico.

Pigeons and mature breeding fowls may be shipped to any part of the world.

If you live outside of the United States, (Canada excepted) and wish to place an order with us for pigeons or chickens, it will be necessary for you to make arrangements with some export agent at your nearest port of export in the United States.

We do not consign the shipment direct to the customer in a foreign country, but send it to some export company here in the United States with whom the customer has already made arrangements. This export company pays for the transportation charges from Clinton, Iowa, to the port of export, and then takes charge of the shipment from port of export to destination. It is the duty of the exporting company to arrange for steamship accommodations, feed and care while enroute, insurance, and other items incidental to exporting.

We will ship to any exporter, at the option of the purchaser. If you do not have connections with any particular firm we can recommend Whitehall Shipping Co., 17 Battery Place, New York, for all shipments from New York. The firm of Roberto Zuniga, 1011 Iturbide Street, Laredo, Texas, has taken care of our exporting to Mexico.

An extra charge of \$5.00 is made when Health Certificates are required.

A Thirty-Five Year Breeding Program

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Is directly responsible for the success our customers have had with Foy's "SUPER-BRED" chicks. For thirty five years we have been breeders of pure bred poultry, including both Barred Rocks and R. I. Reds, until today we have as fine a strain of pure bred in these two breeds as you can obtain anywhere.

There is now a definite demand for a hybrid chick—a chick that will be a splendid layer, a fast grower, and one that will thrive and gain under all conditions. Two pure bred breeds are used to produce this hybrid, and the resulting chick is superior in all ways to either of the parent breeds. The charts below clearly prove this statement.

Do not confuse these chicks with mongrels. A mongrel is the result of promiscuous breeding, while our "SUPER-BRED" chicks are the result of as definite a system of breeding as is the pure bred.

ALL FEMALE CHICKS FOR LAYERS

A real buy for the poultry-man with limited brooder space who wants to raise the maximum number of pullets. Guaranteed to be excellent layers of large, brown shelled eggs. These pullets are all a uniform dark color with yellow skin and legs. Will weigh approximately 7 lbs., at maturity.

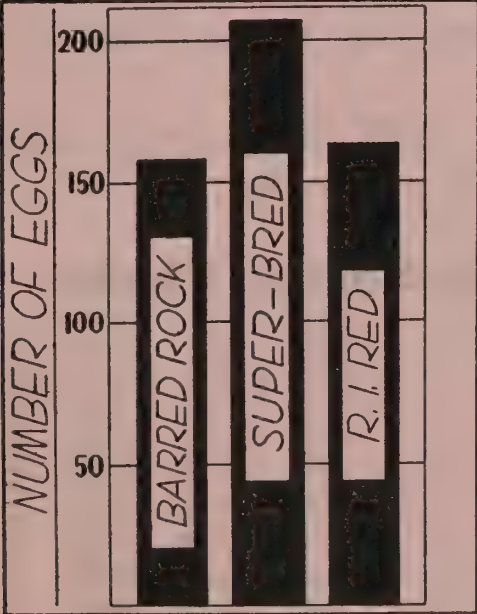
ALL MALE CHICKS FOR MARKET

Especially suited for the broiler trade. Feather rapidly, and grow faster than any pure bred fowl we raise. Bought by many who keep pure-breds but want to raise a few heavy fowls for market. Similar in looks to the Barred Rock and will bring top prices at those markets where a premium is paid for that breed. If allowed to mature will weigh 9 to 10 lbs. each.

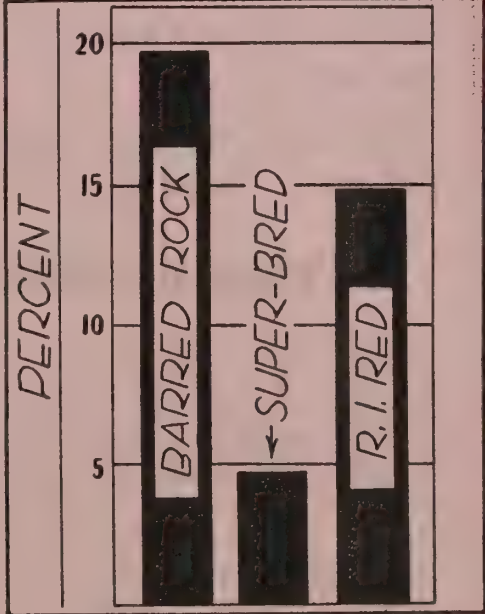
PRICES OF "SUPER-BRED" CHICKS

	50	100	300	500
All male chicks.....	\$6.80	\$12.75	\$37.50	\$60.00
All female chicks.....	6.80	12.75	37.50	60.00

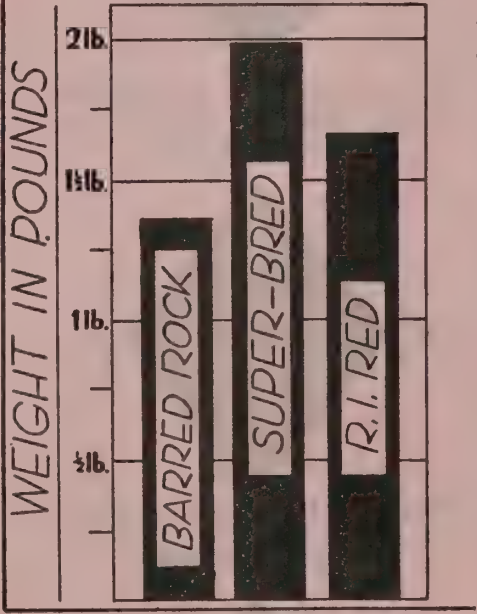
WHEN ORDERING PLEASE STATE WHETHER YOU WANT ALL MALE CHICKS, ALL FEMALES, OR A PART OF EACH.



EGG PRODUCTION
(PULLET YEAR)



MORTALITY TO
3 WEEKS OF AGE



WEIGHT IN POUNDS
8 WEEKS OF AGE

In egg production the "Super-Bred" pullets far outclass their pure-bred half sisters. Compare the 225 eggs per year flock average of the "Super-Bred" pullets, with the 160 for the Barred Rocks and 175 for the R. I. Reds.

The above chart clearly shows the increase in vigor of the "Super-Bred" chicks. At eight weeks of age approximately 80 out of 100 Barred Rock chicks were living, 84 R. I. Reds out of 100, while from the cross of the two breeds 95 "Super-Bred" chicks were still doing fine.

At eight weeks of age the Barred Rock chicks averaged 13 3/8 lbs. in weight, the R. I. Reds 15 1/8 lbs., and the "Super-Bred" 2 lbs. Thus the "Super-Bred" chicks gained almost one-third faster. Our own experience has taught us that "Super-Bred" cockerels will develop to four lbs. while their pure bred half brothers of the same age will only weigh three.

Iowa Standard A

PURE-BRED—HEAVY LAYING—

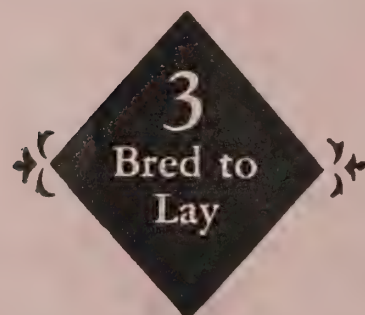
Standard Strain Chicks



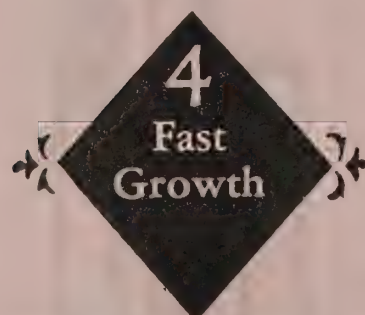
Positively all pure bred stock.
Not a mongrel or off-breed
chick in the hatch.



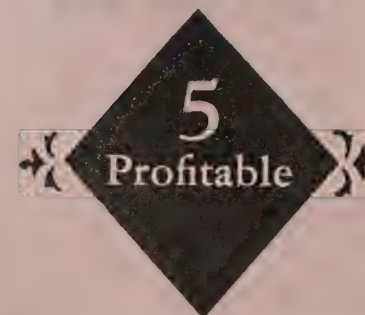
Vigor and vitality bred into
the eggs before the chicks are
hatched keeps them well.



High fertility of flocks from
which these are hatched in-
sures this quality.



Vigorous health enables them
to grow to early maturity
with least handicaps.



Uniform quality and uniform-
ity of yield from your flock
bring surest profits.

THE wonderful vitality of my flocks and high fertility of eggs gives me big hatches. This reduces my cost of production so that I can price my Standard Strain chicks at prices no higher than others ask for just common chicks. The great number of people who buy my Standard Chicks year after year proves that they are highly satisfactory. In fact, I believe they are equally as good, if not better, than the chicks that most of my competitors are asking more money for.

Early Order Discount

Protect Yourself With a Small Deposit

You are allowed a discount when you send your order in a month or two in advance of delivery date. These earlier orders help me, and it means a saving for you.

When you order 30 days in advance of delivery date, deduct $\frac{1}{2}$ cent per chick. (\$0.50 per 100 chicks).

When you order 60 days in advance of delivery date, deduct 1 cent per chick. (\$1.00 per 100 chicks.)

This means a saving of from \$0.50 to \$1.00 on every hundred chicks you buy. You do not have to send all the money with your order. Just send 10% of the amount, the balance at least a week before delivery date. Full remittance must be forwarded before chicks can be shipped.

We not only guarantee 100% live delivery but we put extra chicks in each and every order.

Prices on Standard Strain Chicks

Variety	50	100	300	500
Single Comb White Leghorns.....	\$5.40	\$10.35	\$30.25	\$49.50
Single Comb Brown Leghorns.....	5.40	10.35	30.25	49.50
Single Comb Buff Leghorns.....	5.75	10.75	31.50	50.00
Single Comb Mottled Anconas.....	5.75	10.75	31.50	50.00
Single Comb Black Minorcas.....	5.75	10.75	31.50	50.00
Barred Plymouth Rocks	6.30	11.70	34.50	56.75
Buff Plymouth Rocks	6.30	11.70	34.50	56.75
White Plymouth Rocks	6.30	11.70	34.50	56.75
Rose Comb Rhode Island Reds.....	6.30	11.70	34.50	56.75
Single Comb Rhode Island Reds.....	6.30	11.70	34.50	56.75
Buff Orpingtons	6.30	11.70	34.50	56.75
White Orpingtons	6.30	11.70	34.50	56.75
White Wyandottes	6.30	11.70	34.50	56.75
Silver Laced Wyandottes	6.30	11.70	34.50	56.75
Light Brahmas	7.50	15.00	44.50	65.00
Silver Spangled Hamburgs.....	7.50	15.00	44.50	65.00

Frank Foy Poultry

Accredited Chicks

ACCREDITED PARENT STOCK

Quality Strain Chicks

FOR those who are satisfied only with the very best I recommend my Quality Strain chicks. Quality chicks are chicks whose parent stock have been selected for heavy egg production, standard markings, utility and beauty. Such strains are not developed in a year or two. It requires many years of time, patience and skill. When you buy Quality Chicks you are buying chicks from the best stock that we have been able to produce. They are the best of our best. That is why we ask a little more for the Quality chicks than the others, although they are all good.

Prices on Quality Strain Chicks

Variety	50	100	300	500
Single Comb White Leghorns.....	\$5.65	\$11.50	\$33.75	\$51.00
Single Comb Brown Leghorns.....	5.65	11.50	33.75	51.00
Rose Comb Brown Leghorns.....	5.65	11.50	33.75	51.00
Single Comb Buff Leghorns.....	6.00	11.75	34.50	53.50
Single Comb Mottled Anconas.....	6.00	11.75	34.50	53.50
Single Comb Black Minorcas.....	6.00	11.75	34.50	53.50
Barred Plymouth Rocks	6.80	12.75	37.50	60.00
Buff Plymouth Rocks	6.80	12.75	37.50	60.00
White Plymouth Rocks	6.80	12.75	37.50	60.00
Single Comb Rhode Island Reds.....	6.80	12.75	37.50	60.00
Rose Comb Rhode Island Reds.....	6.80	12.75	37.50	60.00
White Wyandottes	6.80	12.75	37.50	60.00
Silver Laced Wyandottes	6.80	12.75	37.50	60.00
Buff Orpingtons	6.80	12.75	37.50	60.00
White Orpingtons	6.80	12.75	37.50	60.00
Golden Laced Wyandottes	8.50	16.00	46.50	75.00
Single Comb White Minorcas	8.50	16.00	46.50	75.00
Light Brahmas	8.50	16.00	46.50	75.00
Silver Spangled Hamburgs.....	8.50	16.00	46.50	75.00
Jersey Black Giants	8.50	16.00	46.50	75.00
Cornish Indian Games	8.50	16.00	46.50	75.00
Blue Andalusians	8.50	16.00	46.50	75.00

See early order discount on opposite page.

Broiler Chicks

These are Heavy Mixed Baby Chicks of no particular breed, composed mainly of Rocks, Reds, Wyandottes, Orpingtons and other heavy breeds. These will run 90% heavy. No discount on Broiler Chicks.

Variety	50	100	300	500
Heavy Assorted	\$4.00	\$7.50	\$21.00	\$35.00
Light Assorted	3.50	7.00	19.50	32.50

Prices of "Super-Bred" Chicks

Variety	50	100	300	500
All Male Chicks	\$6.80	\$12.75	\$37.50	\$60.00
All Female Chicks	6.80	12.75	37.50	60.00

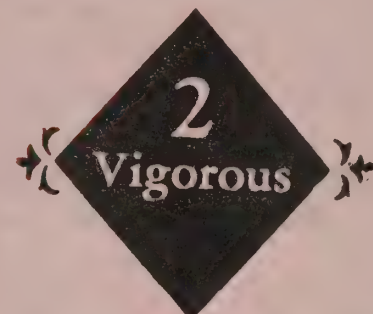
WHEN ORDERING PLEASE STATE WHETHER YOU WANT ALL MALE CHICKS, ALL FEMALES, OR A PART OF EACH.

It is not possible to determine the sex of pure bred chicks at the time of hatching. Only the "Super-Bred" chicks priced above can be sent to you with the assurance that all will be males or all females.

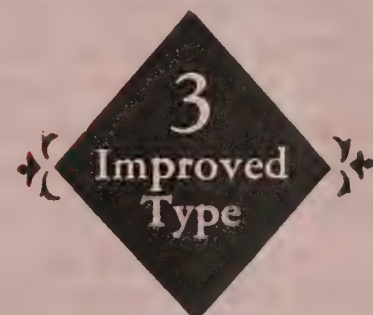
Farm, Clinton, Iowa



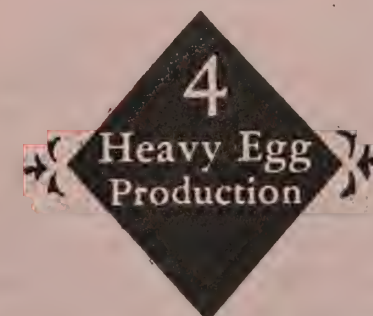
Splendid show fowls—bred for fine appearance and true-to-type markings.



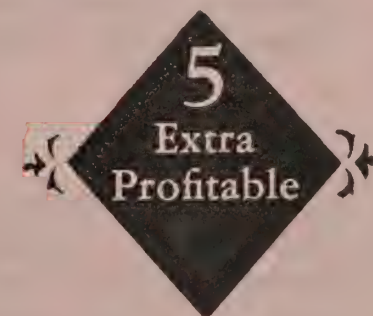
Full of vitality, health and vigor. All faults and weakness bred out.



Constant careful breeding and close culling of the strain improves type.



The result of particular breeding for this one quality through generations.



The extra quality bred into this strain shows in the extra price they bring you.

Frank Foy Incubators

Last year I definitely decided to go out of the incubator business and devote all of my time to my pigeons and to the hatching of baby chicks. I still have on hand a few incubators of both the 150 and 250 egg size. These are hot water machines, well built with double walls and thoroughly insulated. The hot water heating system is made of extra heavy copper throughout. All are brand new, and are equipped with patent egg turning trays, thermometer, egg tester, and instructions for operating.

150 egg size, Frank Foy Hot Water Incubator.....	\$14.00
250 egg size, Frank Foy Hot Water Incubator.....	19.00
400 egg size, Frank Foy Hot Water Incubator.....	24.00

Mammoth Imperial Pekin Ducks

The White Pekin is the most popular of all ducks. They are creamy white in color, extremely large, easy to raise, mature quickly, and are the leading variety for market. They are splendid layers, producing from 125 to 150 eggs per season if properly fed. We always take great pains in selecting our breeders, and only those having a deep keel and long body are retained as breeders.

Prices:—Single male, \$4.00; 1 male and 1 female, \$7.00; 1 male and 2 females, \$9.50; 1 male and 5 females, \$18.00.

Eggs:—\$2.00 per 11; \$3.25 per 22; \$4.50 per 33; \$12.00 per 100.

Indian Runner Ducks

These ducks are not as large as the Pekins, but they grow with amazing rapidity and mature very early. They are very hardy and easy to raise. If allowed to run at liberty they are great foragers and will find their own living in the fields after they begin to feather out. As layers they excel all other fowls we keep, and records are quite common where ducks of this breed have laid well over 300 eggs per year. My Indian Runners are as fine as can be found anywhere, true Runners in every respect.

Prices:—Single male, \$4.00; 1 male and 1 female, \$7.00; 1 male and 2 females, \$9.50; 1 male and 5 females, \$18.00.

Eggs:—\$2.00 per 11; \$3.25 per 22; \$4.50 per 33; \$12.00 per 100.

Toulouse Geese

Everyone is familiar with the large, gray Toulouse Geese. Almost every farmer keeps a few. They are very cheaply raised, as after they are a few weeks old all they need is grass on which they will grow to full size. No fowl is more profitable than the goose, because it grows on the cheapest feed that can be grown, just common everyday grass. In addition to the English Toulouse Geese we also keep the White Embden and African varieties. Prices quoted below apply to any of the three varieties, but when ordering be sure to state the kind you want.

Prices:—Yearling birds \$5.00 each, either sex. Two year old birds \$6.00 each, either sex.

Eggs, \$3.50 per 7; \$6.50 per 14; \$9.00 per 21.

Turkeys

During the laying season we will be able to furnish turkey eggs of the following breeds: Mammoth Bronze, Bourbon Red, and the White Holland. Prices on breeding stock in turkeys is a matter of correspondence.

Eggs, \$5.00 per setting of 9; \$9.00 per 18.

Parcel Post or Express

Fowls and pigeons must be sent by express, as they are not mailable or will not be accepted by Parcel Post.

Eggs for hatching and Baby Chicks must go by Parcel Post or Express, whichever is the most convenient for the customer. In ordering, mark order blank which way you want them to come.

Baby Chicks are sent by Parcel Post or Express prepaid.

Unless otherwise instructed, we ship eggs Parcel Post and you pay the Postman for the carrying charge when eggs arrive, the same as you would your express agent if ordered by express. They are sent with charges for postage C. O. D., which automatically insures the shipment. By shipping this way you do not have to look up the zones and pay just the actual cost of shipping. We think this is better than the old way of sending money in advance for Parcel Post charges.

The Average Weight of Eggs

15 eggs will weigh	3 pounds
30 eggs will weigh	5 to 6 pounds
45 eggs will weigh	8 to 9 pounds
60 eggs will weigh	10 to 11 pounds
100 eggs will weigh	17 to 18 pounds

Special Handling Charge

Parcels weighing not more than 2 lbs.....	10c
Parcels weighing more than 2 lbs. but not more than 10 lbs....	15c
Parcels weighing more than 10 lbs.....	20c

Special Delivery

Up to 2 lbs.....	10c
2 to 10 lbs.....	15c
Over 10 lbs.....	20c

Limit of Weight

Owing to lack of space our parcel post rates only go up to 30 pounds. The limit of weight within local zone and zones 1, 2 and 3 is 70 pounds; for all other zones 50 pounds.

Frank Hoy's Guarantee

WE POSITIVELY guarantee every fowl, every setting of eggs, every box of baby chicks, every brooder that we sell will be exactly as represented in this book. Further, we guarantee every single setting of eggs bought from us to produce nine chicks, provided they are not broken by the hen which is used to hatch them. This applies to each single setting bought at prices for single settings. We guarantee to replace settings that do not reach up to this guarantee, once during the season, at half price.

This guarantee does not include incubator lots, as no one can guarantee results in incubator hatches, as many who use incubators will not follow directions closely.

We pay all postage and special handling on Baby Chicks. We guarantee 100% live delivery to your postoffice on each and every order.

We will refund you on them, or replace them free of charge, if your full number does not reach you safely—but for your own protection, we want you to open them at the postoffice and get signed receipt to that effect.

Can you get a guarantee anywhere on earth, from a responsible breeder, better than this?

Read This Guarantee Carefully.

The risks and uncertainties in buying fowls, eggs and chicks have been removed.

BROODER CAPACITIES

Brooder capacities in this catalog are listed according to the manufacturer's description. We find, however, that they are very much over rated. The following table is more accurate, and is based on the number of chicks that can be accommodated until the chicks are past the brooding stage.

Size of Canopy	No. of Chicks	Size of Canopy	No. of Chicks
32 to 34 inches	75 to 100	52 to 54 inches	300 to 350
42 to 44 inches	175 to 200	62 to 64 inches	400 to 500

Do not crowd all the day old chicks you possibly can under a hover. If you do, they will not all have room when they are a little older. The size of the brooder house used, as well as its construction determines to some extent the number of chicks the brooder used therein will hover.



Barred Plymouth Rocks

A DESCRIPTION of this well known American breed is hardly necessary, as it stands acknowledged as the best general purpose fowl in the world today. It is the bird for business and deemed by many the best fowl for home and farm raising. It is not only a good layer but quick to develop for the early market. As a far-sighted farmer once said to us, "When you kill one you have something." Their beautiful plumage is blue barred. They have good size, clean, bright yellow legs; and are accustomed to any locality. They are excellent, all-year-round layers, and as a fancier's fowl have reached a popularity never before known. The Barred Plymouth Rock class is always the largest at the poultry shows and strictly choice specimens nearly always command a higher price than other breeds, which proves their sterling merit. Utility and actual worth are the basis of this popularity and make the Plymouth Rock *a bird of destiny*.

If you want the *real thing*, genuine blue Barred Plymouth Rocks, send your order for stock and eggs to the Frank Foy Poultry Farm.

Our birds are of the true Plymouth Rock shape, well barred to the skin, beautiful leaden blue surface color, free from purple sheen and brassiness, deep in the breasts, wide in the rear of the body, thick in the thigh, good red eyes and good combs, real high-class Plymouth Rocks in every way.

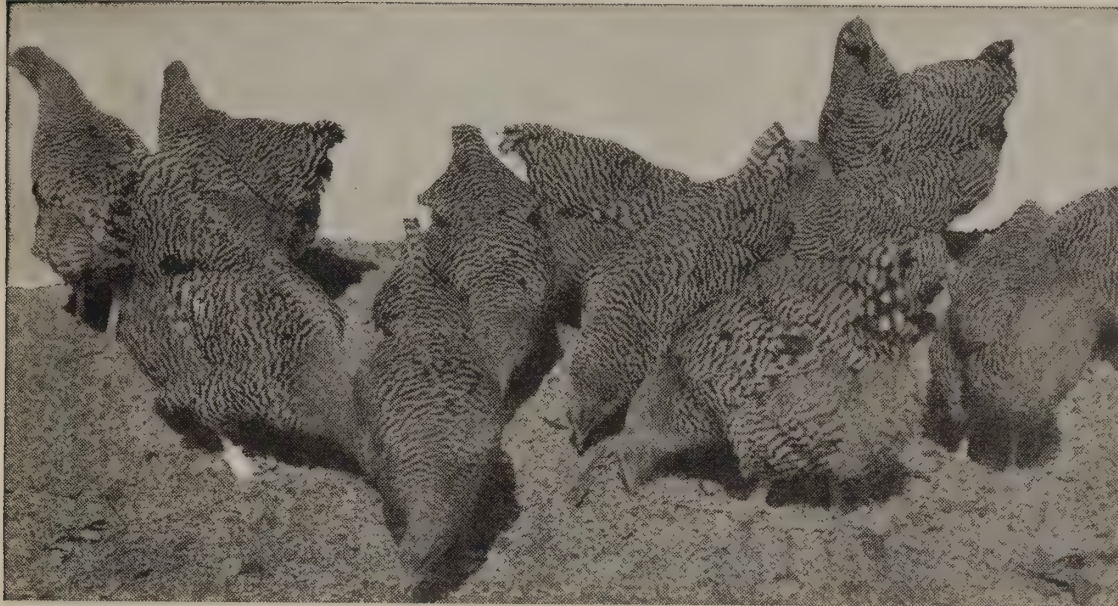
Single males, \$3.00 to \$4.00; one male and one female, \$6.00; one male and two females, \$8.50; one male and four females, \$13.50; one male and ten females, \$25.00. See colored insert for prices on Baby Chicks. See page 10 for prices on chicks and eggs from Frank Foy Special Exhibition Matings.

	15	30	45	100	200
Eggs—Quality Matings.....	\$1.75	\$3.00	\$4.00	\$6.00	\$10.00
“ Standard Matings.....	1.50	2.75	3.75	5.00	9.00
“ from Special Matings....	3.00 per 15 straight.				

Plymouth Rocks are the American Fowl

THE Plymouth Rock is today the most popular general purpose breed that we have. It suits the American public better than any other breed, and it is no doubt true that there are more fowls of Barred Plymouth Rock descent in this country than any other variety.

Plymouth Rocks are valuable just in proportion that they will make money for the breeder. The highest scoring bird in this variety would not suit our views unless it were capable of reproducing in its progeny fowls of high class, considered as Standard



A mated pen of Foy Barred Rocks that any man might be proud to own. Note the vigor and production typical of this strain of Barred Rocks.

birds, and females of great laying qualities. We have believed for years that beauty and utility should go hand in hand in breeding poultry, and have selected our breeding stock with these ends in view. The result is we have Plymouth Rocks which are correct in shape and color and will produce eggs in great numbers. The color of Plymouth Rocks of

the barred variety is hard to get, but our birds are noted for their good color as well as their plump, massive and solidly meated bodies. From our long experience as breeders we have learned how to mate for best results, and from our pens the buyer may expect birds of the highest quality, as we have succeeded in developing strains of Plymouth Rocks that are all heavy layers. With the start given by buying chicks or eggs from the Foy Hatchery you raise a flock of hens that are bred-to-lay—not a few hens, but all of them. Then by proper culling and breeding, grading up your flock every year or so by buying a cockerel from the same blood lines but crossed with other leading strains, it is possible for you to keep a flock that averages 250 eggs for every hen in the flock.

Our Plymouth Rocks are bred on the farm. They are hardy, northern raised and can shift for themselves much better than many other strains. It is this vigor, build and egg production that you need in a flock to make it pay.

For a long time Barred Rocks have come in for considerable criticism because of their tendency to lay small eggs, feather slowly and that the chicks lacked in vigor.

This was no doubt due to the fact that many breeders inbred their stock from year to year without regard to these utility qualities.

We have by rigid culling, proper matings and selection improved our flock of Barred Rocks from year to year so that today the eggs they lay will average close to 26 ounces per dozen; besides care has been taken to eliminate any birds in our matings that lacked the all important vigor and health so necessary to produce strong chicks full of vitality. Our Barred Rock chicks feather rapidly, and will measure up to any other breed in this respect.

There has been an increasing demand of late years for chicks of this breed. They justly deserve this popularity, as an all around fowl they are indeed hard to beat.

Naturally you will wish the best strain of Barred Rocks to be had, you can safely send your order for chicks to Frank Foy Farms. They will please you and pay you genuine profits.



White Plymouth Rocks

HERE's a breed that has become a universal favorite with the farmer's wife and the small flock owner in the last few years. They have all the qualities necessary to make them the ideal fowl both from the market and egg-laying standpoint. Their white plumage makes them an easy fowl to dress, their yellow skin an advantage when catering to the housewife.

White Plymouth Rocks are exactly the same as the Barred Plymouth Rocks, except in color of plumage which is snow white, and a very pleasing contrast of red combs, wattles, face and earlobes, yellow beak and shanks. Picture if you will, a uniform flock of standard-bred White Rocks in the pasture or corn field, or on a green lawn in the town lot.

Frank Foy White Rocks lay large brown shelled eggs, and stand up under continued high-egg production. In breeding for size we have made them more valuable both as broilers and market fowl. Our breeding flocks are big, rugged birds and the chicks extremely strong and fast growing.

These qualities combined with vigor and freedom from disease, uniform growth and early maturity, high average egg-production, plus large egg size (the four principles that all Foy chicks are bred for), gives us a strain of White Plymouth Rocks the equal of any in the country.

When you buy chicks from Foy you get the benefit of all the qualities it has taken years to breed into our flocks, and to make your poultry pay it is necessary to buy chicks with this breeding behind them.

Single males, \$3.00 to \$4.00; one male and one female, \$6.00; one male and two females, \$8.50; one male and four females, \$13.50; one male and ten females, \$25.00. See colored insert for prices on Baby Chicks.
See page 10 for prices on chicks and eggs from Frank Foy Special Exhibition Matings.

	15	30	45	100	200
Eggs—Quality Matings.....	\$1.75	\$3.00	\$4.00	\$6.00	\$10.00
“ Standard Matings.....	1.50	2.75	3.75	5.00	9.00
“ from Special Matings....	3.00 per 15 straight.				

Buff Plymouth Rocks

THE illustration will give you a very good idea of the quality of birds we are now offering from our Buff Plymouth Rock pens. They originated from crosses of the White Plymouth Rocks and several of the Buff breeds. Their general characteristics are the same as

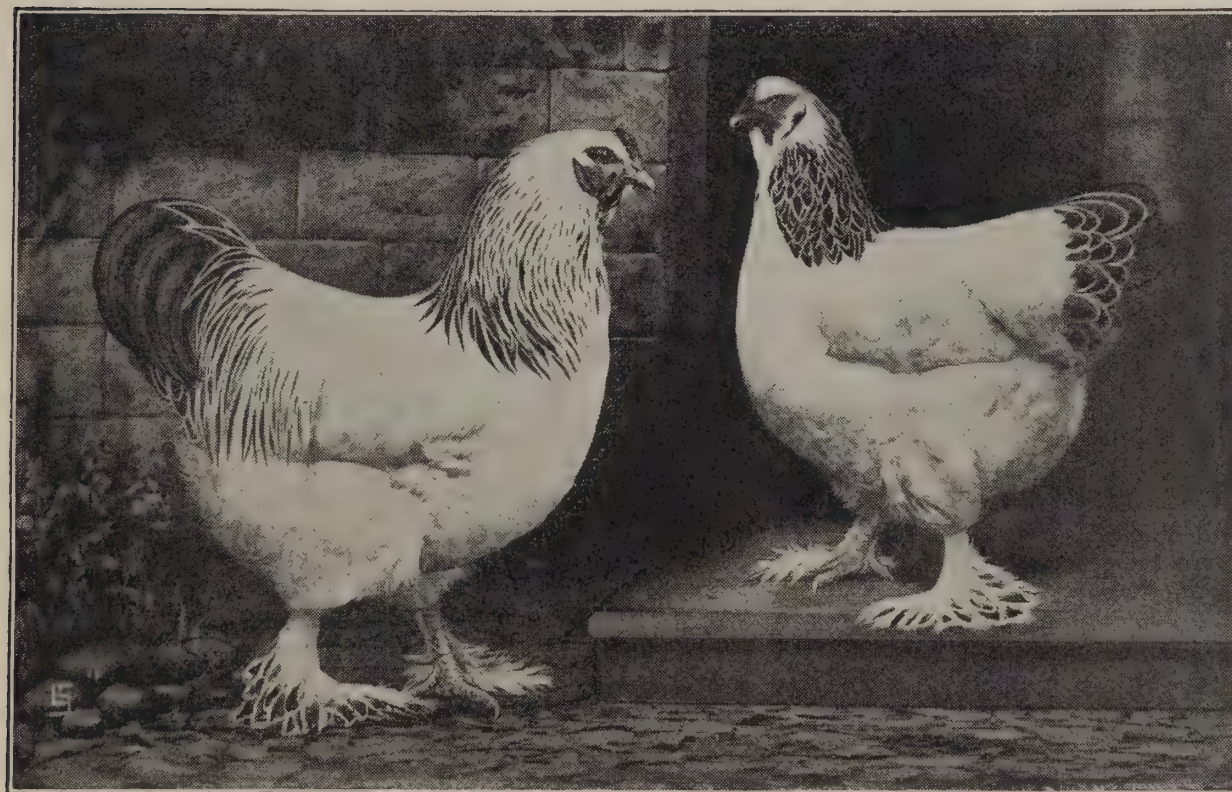


the other Plymouth Rocks. They have clean, yellow legs of medium length. While not as old a variety as the Barred and White Rocks, their breeding qualities are equal to that of any other variety, and well adapted to both the fancier and market poultryman. The merits of the Buff Plymouth Rocks cannot be disputed, as they are in the strictest sense a first-class, general-purpose fowl. They have quite large, nice, well-rounded bodies, and a bright yellow skin. We have some extra-good birds this season, and if you are looking for something good send your orders to The Frank Foy Poultry Farm.

Single males, \$3.00 to \$4.00; one male and one female, \$6.00; one male and two females, \$8.50; one male and four females, \$13.50; one male and ten females, \$25.00. See Colored insert for prices on Baby Chicks.

	15	30	45	100	200
Eggs—Quality Matings.....	\$1.75	\$3.00	\$4.00	\$6.00	\$10.00
Standard Matings.....	1.50	2.75	3.75	5.00	9.00
“ from Special Matings....	3.00 per 15 straight.				

Light Brahmas



ONE of the first breeds in America brought out by the late Isaac K. Felch of Massachusetts in the early part of 1848, is still a big favorite with the fanciers and breeders in this country. They belong to the heavy breed class, are easy to keep in confinement, and will repay you for any extra care you may give them.

In developing our strain of Light Brahmas we had their utility qualities uppermost in our minds, yet never for a moment overlooking the beauty features in the breed. The picture above shows their fine markings of black and white, their bright red comb, wattles and earlobes making a sharp contrast. They have yellow skins and feathered legs which adds to the appearance of this remarkable bird. Being one of our largest fowls, they lay very large eggs in abundance, and as a market fowl they have no superior. Once you raise Light Brahmas, you are not likely to change to another breed. They are so dependable.

Single males, \$4.00 to \$5.00; one male and one female, \$7.50; one male and two females, \$11.00; one male and four females, \$16.00; one male and ten females, \$32.50. See colored insert for prices on Baby Chicks.

See page 10 for prices on chicks and eggs from Frank Foy Special Exhibition Matings.

	15	30	45	100	200
Eggs—Quality Matings.....	\$2.25	\$4.00	\$5.00	\$8.50	\$16.00
“ from Special Matings....	3.00 per 15 straight.				



Single and Rose Comb Rhode Island Reds

OUR Rhode Island Reds have been bred from some of the finest foundation strains in the country, and have that deep red color, good size and typical Rhode Island Red type.

Naturally, when we looked for the ideal Red, we bought the best foundation stock that could be secured, bred for years along the lines of utility and show qualities.

They originated among the egg farmers of Rhode Island, and besides being a strictly American breed, they have withstood the rigors of the cold, easterly gales from the Atlantic ocean. This fact combined with their sound breeding have put the Rhode Island Reds in the front rank as winter egg-producers.

They possess abundant vigor, are extremely fast growing, produce large eggs, and mature very early. It is not unusual for our customers to get 2 pound broilers in from eight to ten weeks. They come into good production in five to five and one-half months, laying eggs averaging 22 to 24 ounces to the dozen.

Our Rhode Island Reds have been bred up for color and type. Each year we cull very closely for defects in our breeding flocks, and throw out any specimen that does not conform to our own rigid standard. The resulting chicks then come to you with the right start, ready to grow and become profitable.

The breeding operations we carry on in our flocks have enabled us to build up our strains and improve them each year in those qualities you need in poultry to be successful and make money. Each year it has been necessary to expand our breeding operations in Rhode Island Reds due to the demand from our old customers, and many new ones too, who have either seen Foy chicks on their neighbors' farms; or have heard about them from others, and learned how they have profited with Foy Rhode Island Reds.

The rose comb or single comb varieties are identical with the exception of combs. This is a matter for individual selection and taste. Prices are the same for either.

In ordering, please state whether you want the rose or single comb variety. It will help us in filling your order promptly, if you can make a second choice.

Single males, \$3.00 to \$4.00; one male and one female, \$6.00; one male and two females, \$8.50; one male and four females, \$13.50; one male and ten females, \$25.00. See colored insert for prices on Baby Chicks.
See page 10 for prices on chicks and eggs from Frank Foy Special Exhibition Matings.

	15	30	45	100	200
Eggs--Quality Matings.....	\$1.75	\$3.00	\$4.00	\$6.00	\$10.00
Standard Matings.....	1.50	2.75	3.75	5.00	9.00
“ from Special Matings....	3.00 per 15 straight.				



Single Comb Buff Orpingtons

THIS breed of English origin was first introduced in this country by the late Wm. Cook. Our Buff Orpingtons, as well as the White variety, came from the best English strains, imported direct. We have carried on with our breeding each year, making improvements in size, shape and color our objective.

That we have succeeded is best attested by the fact that our vast army of customers have come back each year for more chicks. Foy's Buff Orpingtons have proved themselves to be one of the best breeds for those who like a large fowl with exceptional laying qualities. They are massive in size, a full-grown cock bird weighing ten pounds. A beautiful golden buff in color, with white skin and a pink white shank.

An outstanding feature is their deep breasts, making them a table fowl much in demand as broilers and roasters. As layers they compare very favorably with the Reds and Plymouth Rocks, laying brown tinted eggs in abundance during fall and winter when prices are at their best.



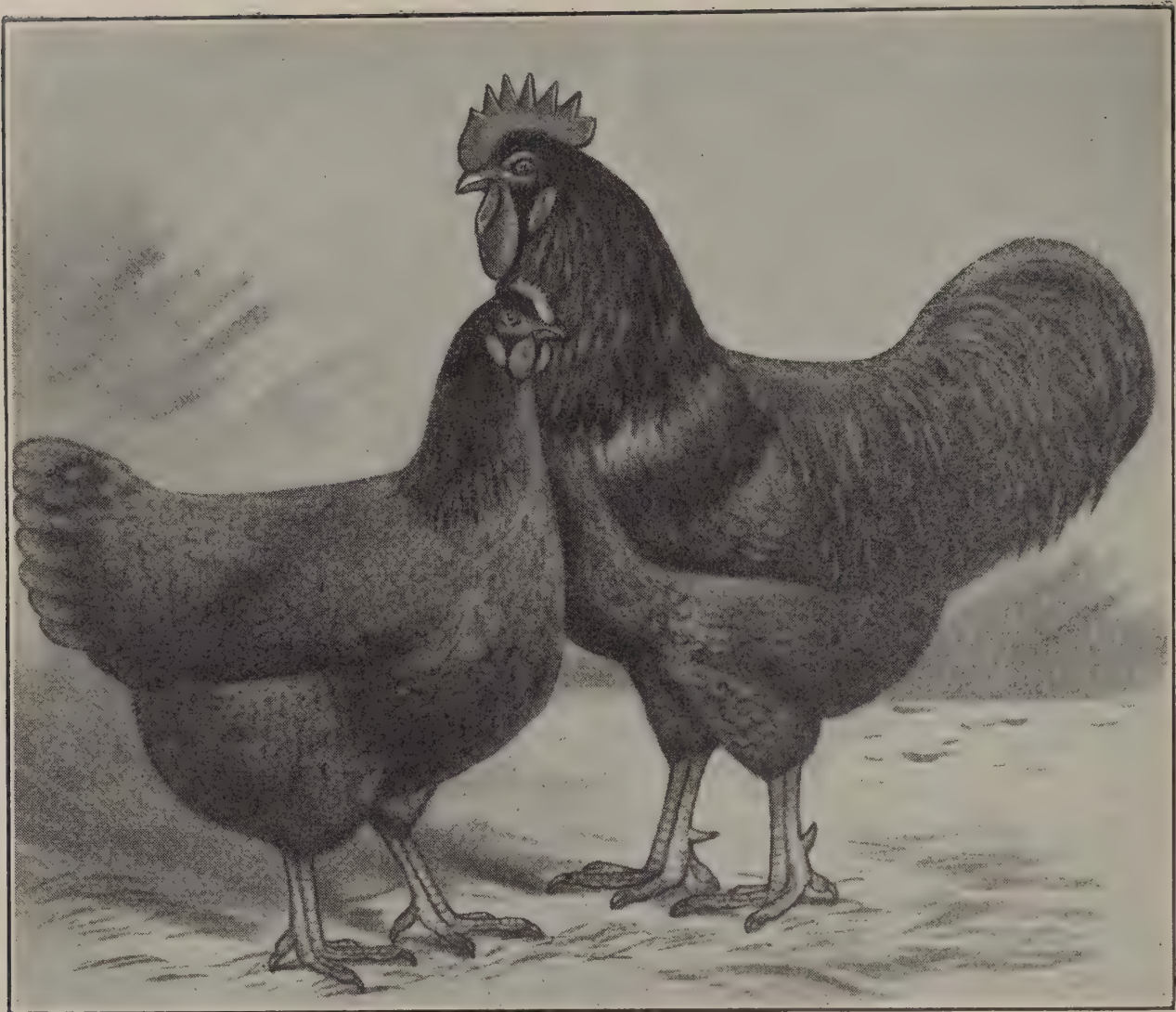
White Orpingtons

THE same good qualities that characterize our Buffs are true in our White Orpingtons. Some people prefer a white fowl, and to those we very strongly recommend Foy White Orpington chicks. The same careful breeding and attention to our flocks of Whites is responsible for the many chicks we sell each year to old customers.

Orpingtons, whether Buff or White, will make you profits, and if you are not already raising Orpingtons, try some of our chicks this year; we believe you will be well repaid.

Single males, \$3.00 to \$4.00; one male and one female, \$6.00; one male and two females, \$8.50; one male and four females, \$13.50; one male and ten females, \$25.00. See colored insert for prices on Baby Chicks. See page 10 for prices on chicks and eggs from Frank Foy Special Exhibition Matings.

	15	30	45	100	200
Eggs—Quality Matings.....	\$1.75	\$3.00	\$4.00	\$6.00	\$10.00
“ Standard Matings.....	1.50	2.75	3.75	5.00	9.00
“ from Special Matings....	3.00 per 15 straight.				



Jersey Black Giants

HERE is one of our latest additions to the American class of poultry. The breed originated between 1870 and 1880 in New Jersey, but has since been taken up and vastly improved by a number of skilled breeders. Here is a breed that we think a great deal of. The fowl is all the name implies, a giant among poultry; full grown males often weighing thirteen pounds or more. The hens are busy, active, and good foragers. You will not find them sitting on the roosts in the day time or loafing around the chicken house waiting to be fed. Instead, you will find them out in the fields, looking for their own living. The hens are splendid layers in both summer and winter, producing a large, brown shelled egg.

The inherited factor of broodiness has been almost bred out of this breed, giving you the combination of a large, yet active fowl; one that will lay instead of wanting to set. As we all know, excessive broodiness is a handicap to the usefulness of many breeds.

As a market fowl the Giants are hard to beat. The baby chicks are active, hardy, feather quickly and evenly, and mature just as early as some of the smaller breeds. Quite often we have raised four and one half pound cockerels in three and one-half months time. The plumage is jet black in color, but the skin is yellow causing this breed to dress out just as nicely as a Plymouth Rock. You could not find a better breed than this for capons. Jersey Giant capons have been known to attain the weight of from seventeen to nineteen pounds.

We have tried to breed up a strain of Giants that will do all that we claim for them, so we are sure that you will not be disappointed if you order chicks or eggs from us. At present our surplus breeding stock is limited.

Single males, \$4.00 to \$5.00; one male and one female, \$7.50; one male and two females, \$11.00; one male and four females, \$16.00; one male and ten females, \$32.50. See colored insert for prices on Baby Chicks.

	15	30	45	100	200
Eggs—Quality Matings.....	\$2.25	\$4.00	\$5.00	\$8.50	\$16.00
“ from Special Matings....	3.00 per 15 straight.				



Silver Spangled Hamburgs

THE Silver Spangled Hamburgs is one of the most beautiful varieties that can be found on the poultry list. No one can pass a flock of them without a glance of admiration. For beauty they are unsurpassed, and too much could not be said of this beautiful breed.

As egg producers they stand in the front rank, laying the year 'round. In color eggs are white, and medium size. Chicks grow quite fast and mature very early. Pullets often begin laying at four months old. They are very small feeders, and bear confinement in small enclosures remarkably well.

For laying qualities and beauty they stand on their own merits and cannot be over estimated. Hens will weigh from three to four and one-half pounds; cocks from four to five and one-half pounds.

The Hamburgs are a most excellent breed, being very prolific. So marked is this characteristic that they were at one time called "Dutch everlasting layers." The Silver Spangled Hamburg is one of the most beautiful fowl raised. It is clear white and black, the two colors forming a striking contrast to each other. The black is distributed in round spots, the end of each feather being one of those round black spots. In good specimens these spots are regularly set in rows, making the breed a distinctly ornamental one.

Single males, \$4.00 to \$5.00; one male and one female, \$7.50; one male and two females, \$11.00; one male and four females, \$16.00; one male and ten females, \$32.50. See colored insert for prices on Baby Chicks.
See page 10 for prices on chicks and eggs from Frank Foy Special Exhibition Matings.

	15	30	45	100	200
Eggs—Quality Matings.....	\$2.25	\$4.00	\$5.00	\$8.50	\$16.00
“ Standard Matings.....	1.75	3.25	4.25	7.50	14.00
“ from Special Matings....	3.00 per 15 straight.				



Single Comb White Leghorns

As you know, White Leghorns are recognized the world over as the egg machines among poultry. In practically all parts of the country you will find big egg farms literally covered with White Leghorns; a true indication of their worth. More attention has been paid to them by breeders than any other variety, and as a result they have reached the pinnacle in egg-production as evidenced by the recognized laying contests in nearly every state, where they have won in these contests so regularly they have been nicknamed the "Egg Machine."

Whether they grace the showroom with their striking beauty, or in the nests where they persistently lay more than their share of large size, white shelled eggs, they command the admiration of every one. We must confess we like the White Leghorns. They lay large, white eggs which command premium prices in the white egg market—and they are good foragers—and lay more eggs on less feed than any other breed. For over thirty years we have bred them continuously for both beauty and utility qualities, and we feel amply repaid for the time we have devoted to this wonderful breed.

Reports of wonderful egg-records have been sent to us by our customers, and we have yet to record a dissatisfied customer.

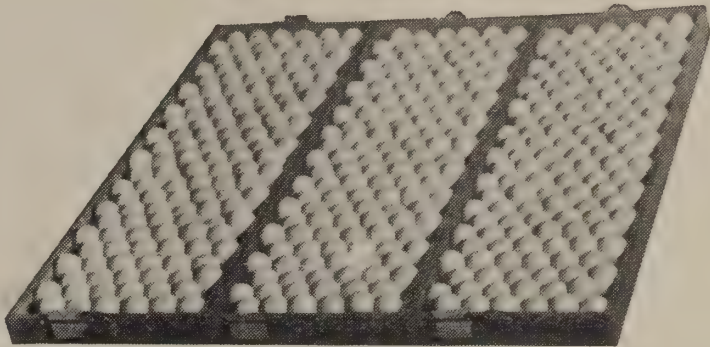
If Eggs Are Your Object

it is advisable to start whether you buy eggs, stock or baby chicks, with a hardy, vigorous, high average-producing strain.

It requires a great deal of time, patience and skill to breed heavy-laying strains of poultry. Line-bred cockerels from the best strains are worth a great deal, and when used intelligently will reward you handsomely with their offspring. In building up a flock of layers, it is well to keep in mind the health and vigor of the parent stock. A chick slow to develop will not be worth much when fully matured. Perfect health and quick growth then are prime requisites in the breeding flock.

We have paid particular attention in our strains of White Leghorns to both size of bird, and size of the egg produced. We like the Leghorn hen that will weigh from four to four and one-half pounds. A 200 to 300 egg hen should have a long back, good width across the entire back, deep body and long keel bone. Such hens have the capacity for long and continued egg production, and have the foundation to back it up.

In our work of building up a strain of Leghorns possessing health, layers of good-sized eggs, as well as consistent layers, we have not overlooked standard qualifications. Not a single bird is used in any of our breeding flocks that could be disqualified in any way by the American Standard of Perfection. You who intend to exhibit at the fairs or winter shows will appreciate this. We believe in combining the standard qualities with the utility.



White Leghorn eggs photographed just before setting in one of our large incubators. Note the large size and uniform color. We do not set small pullet eggs. Only large, well formed eggs are used—which insures you strong, healthy chicks.

It Will Pay You to Start With the Best

If you are thinking of starting a commercial egg farm, you can do no better than getting your foundation stock whether you buy baby chicks or full grown specimens from the Foy Farms.

We have always thought that inherent health and vigor is the very foundation on which the whole pure-bred poultry industry lies. As has been explained in preceding pages, we lay the greatest stress on health, vigor and liveability. So when you start with Foy chicks you start with the best.

Feel free to write us for any information you may need, and furthermore, we will gladly quote you prices on chicks in large numbers, at prices that are reasonable, when you consider the extra quality you receive in our chicks.

Single males, \$3.00 to \$4.00; one male and one female, \$6.00; one male and two females, \$8.50; one male and four females, \$13.50; one male and ten females, \$25.00. See colored insert for prices on Baby Chicks. See page 10 for prices on chicks and eggs from Frank Foy Special Exhibition Matings.

	15	30	45	100	200
Eggs—Quality Matings.....	\$1.75	\$3.00	\$4.00	\$6.00	\$10.00
“ Standard Matings.....	1.50	2.75	3.75	5.00	9.00
“ from Special Matings....	3.00 per 15 straight.				

Chicago, Illinois.
 Frank Foy Poultry Farm.
 Gentlemen—I am writing to let you know that my baby chicks arrived safe, and every one healthy, lively and full of pep. I sure am well pleased with them and want to thank you for the two extra ones.
 Very truly yours,
 MRS. EMMA MARTENZ.

Babylon, L. I., N. Y.
 Frank Foy.
 Dear Mr. Foy—I wish to thank you for filling my order for the Orpington chicks. They arrived in excellent condition—bright and very active. Several people came to see them and while they had advised us against buying day old chicks they were forced to admit the chicks were fine. We are very happy about them and will try hard to raise them all.
 Sincerely,
 FRANK H. TRECARTEN.

Spokane, Wash.
 Frank Foy & Sons.
 Dear Sirs—Please mail me your new book. The trio of Rhode Island Reds we purchased of you twenty-three years ago were the finest Reds that were ever in this country.
 Yours truly,
 F. R. IRELAND.

Orangefield, Texas.
 Frank Foy & Sons.
 Dear Sirs—I just received my baby chicks. They were simply fine—every one living. I am delighted with them and want to thank you for the fine bunch you sent me.
 Respectfully yours,
 MRS. J. M. WELDY.

Auburn, Michigan.
 Frank Foy & Sons.
 Dear Sirs—I received my 100 baby chicks May 5th. All are alive and are a good healthy looking bunch. I am well satisfied.
 Yours truly,
 ANNA HEARIL.

Modena, Pa.
 Frank Foy.
 Dear Sir—Many thanks for the wonderful chicks you have sent me. They arrived with 100 alive and full of pep. I am well satisfied with them.
 Yours truly,
 JOSEPH J. STECZAK.

Montreal, Que., Canada.
 Frank Foy.
 Dear Sir—Chicks arrived all O. K. Not one dead. Have never seen chicks more lively. They traveled a long distance, but came through fine.
 Successfully yours,
 D. M. PARE.



“Prince Pearl” Strain White Leghorns

THIS strain of White Leghorns has been named after the male bird, head of our mating pens, in developing this strain to its present heavy-laying records. He is pearl white; a prize winner, coming from a long list of consistent winners at some of the greatest poultry shows in this country.

Prince Pearl's mother was a heavy layer and through him we have transmitted these laying qualities to his daughters and grand daughters. All males in our Prince Pearl breeding pens trace their ancestry to this prince among White Leghorns and are the progeny of hens with egg records of 250 to 300 eggs per year.

The picture above is a reproduction of this graceful bird “Prince Pearl,” yet it hardly does him justice, although the artist used his utmost skill in depicting him. In color “Prince Pearl” and all of his sons and daughters are pearl white down to the skin. This lustrous color has given the “Prince Pearl” family a place among the White Leghorns of this country, and, only a short time will be required before representative specimens of this wonderful family will be distributed among the high-producing strains in America.

Those who love the beautiful will surely want some of this “Prince Pearl” blood, and whether you buy eggs or chicks you are sure to receive the greatest White Leghorn value in the country.

Single males, \$4.00 to \$5.00; one male and one female, \$7.50; one male and two females, \$11.00; one male and four females, \$16.00; one male and ten females, \$32.50. See colored insert for prices on Baby Chicks.
See page 10 for prices on chicks and eggs from Frank Foy Special Exhibition Matings.

	15	30	45	100	200
Eggs—Prince Pearl Quality Matings.....	\$2.25	\$4.00	\$5.00	\$8.50	\$16.00
“ from Special Prince Pearl Matings.....	3.00 per 15 straight.				



Single Comb Brown Leghorns

THE Single Comb Brown Leghorn is practically an American fowl. It has been nearly seventy-five years since the first Leghorns were brought to this country and they have had many friends ever since. They have always been noted for their laying qualities, and the Brown Leghorns have a host of friends, as the red and black plumage of the males, shining like polished metal, and the seal brown plumage of the females, with salmon colored breasts, make a very beautiful fowl. Our egg-laying strains of Leghorns have made a firm place for themselves and in the hands of my customers have won many honors at the largest shows.

Prices for Brown Leghorns the same as for Buff Leghorns listed below.



Single Comb Buff Leghorns

THIS breed came originally from Denmark, a country which has paid more attention to breeding for eggs than any other, and this breed shows the effects of this year-after-year selection. A beautiful buff in color, with bright yellow skin and shanks and blood-red comb and wattles, this hardy, vigorous, prolific breed of fowls is making more friends every year. Our birds are from the best families which were first imported into England and from there to America, where they have always been carefully selected for sound color and great laying qualities. We guarantee you cannot get these prices from any other breeder of the same quality of fowls, sound in color, correct in shape, and all-the-year layers.

Single males, \$3.00 to \$4.00; one male and one female, \$6.00; one male and two females, \$8.50; one male and four females, \$13.50; one male and ten females, \$25.00. See colored insert for prices on Baby Chicks.
See page 10 for prices on chicks and eggs from Frank Foy Special Exhibition Matings.

	15	30	45	100	200
Eggs—Quality Matings.....	\$1.75	\$3.00	\$4.00	\$6.00	\$10.00
Standard Matings.....	1.50	2.75	3.75	5.00	9.00
“ from Special Matings....	3.00 per 15 straight.				



Single Comb White Minorcas

THE White Minorca is one of the newest additions to the Minorca family. In spite of its comparative newness this variety has found many friends until now it threatens to surpass both the Black and Buff varieties in popularity.

The combination of a fowl that will lay large white eggs in numbers and at the same time weigh enough so it will have a fair market value, has long been sought for. The Minorca is the closest approach to such an ideal. As egg layers they rank very close to the Leghorns, and at the same time the hens will weigh six and one-half pounds, the male birds eight. Minorca eggs always bring top prices on any market because of their chalk white appearance and extra large size. Eggs from this breed frequently weigh two pounds per dozen, almost one third more than eggs from other breeds.

The chicks are easy to raise, hardy, feather quickly and mature early. Pullets will lay at from four to six months of age. The hens are non-setters, good rustlers, and the size of the eggs and the number that each hen lays in a season will surprise you. The breed is becoming more popular each year, which is a sure sign of its merit.

We have spared neither time nor expense in building up our foundation stock, which consisted of some of the best specimens to be had from the originators, and since then we have added new blood to our flocks whenever it seemed that such additions would add to the vigor and utility qualities of our breeders. The result has been better chicks, stronger chicks, liveable chicks that have pleased our customers, and assured them of getting the very best.

Single males, \$3.00 to \$4.00; one male and one female, \$6.00; one male and two females, \$8.50; one male and four females, \$13.50; one male and ten females, \$25.00. See colored insert for prices on Baby Chicks.

See page 10 for prices on chicks and eggs from Frank Foy Special Exhibition Matings.

	15	30	45	100	200
Eggs—Quality Matings.....	\$1.75	\$3.00	\$4.00	\$6.00	\$10.00
“ Standard Matings.....	1.50	2.75	3.75	5.00	9.00
“ from Special Matings....	3.00 per 15 straight.				

Black Minorcas

THE Black Minorca is very popular and, wherever raised is considered a valuable breed. Although they belong to the Mediterranean class they will weigh within one-half pound as much as the Plymouth Rocks when matured. They lay the largest, chalk white egg of any breed we list except their cousins, the White Minorcas.



They are hardy, both as fowls and chicks, easily raised, mature early, and pullets commence laying when very young. They are non-setters, small eaters, splendid foragers and without doubt very profitable. Their adaptability to all soils and places, whether in confinement or allowed unlimited range, makes them very popular, and suitable to the city fancier as well as the farmer. Their plumage is pure black, with a green or metallic luster. Their legs are nice and smooth and medium length. The chief and striking ornament of the cock is his comb, which is very large, single, straight as an arrow and evenly serrated; he has a large flowing tail, carried somewhat high. Our stock of this variety is simply first class, the best we could get, regardless of price.

Prices for Black Minorcas the same as for Single Comb Anconas listed below.



Single Comb Anconas

MOTTLED Anconas belong to the Mediterranean class, hence are classed with the non-setting breeds. They are similar to the Leghorns in shape and size, have a yellow skin and the plumage is black, evenly mottled all over with white. They are won-

derful layers of large white eggs and are fast coming into general favor, since they combine great beauty with the best of practical qualities. They are a non-setting variety, small eaters, splendid foragers. Their general color is black with white tipped feathers mixed through the black, giving them a spotted appearance. We have several fine flocks of these birds and you will find no better any place.

Few people can appreciate the Anconas until raised, and they know from experience how these beautiful black and white chickens lay. They are fully equal to Leghorns in laying qualities. The same large white eggs and lots of them summer and winter, spring and fall. They are especially good winter layers because their energy and constant activity keeps their blood flowing, their appetites keen and they do not set. Chicks are spotted black and white and grow fast. Our Ancona pullets have been known to lay before they were four months old and they never stop laying.

Single males, \$3.00 to \$4.00; one male and one female, \$6.00; one male and two females, \$8.50; one male and four females, \$13.50; one male and ten females, \$25.00. See colored insert for prices on Baby Chicks.

See page 10 for prices on chicks and eggs from Frank Foy Special Exhibition Matings.

	15	30	45	100	200
Eggs—Quality Matings.....	\$1.75	\$3.00	\$4.00	\$6.00	\$10.00
“ Standard Matings.....	1.50	2.75	3.75	5.00	9.00
“ from Special Matings....	3.00 per 15 straight.				



White Wyandottes

ANOTHER of the American breeds whose popularity never seems to wane. You will always see a representative class of White Wyandottes in any showroom, which seems to certainly indicate they are still one of the real favorites of breeders.

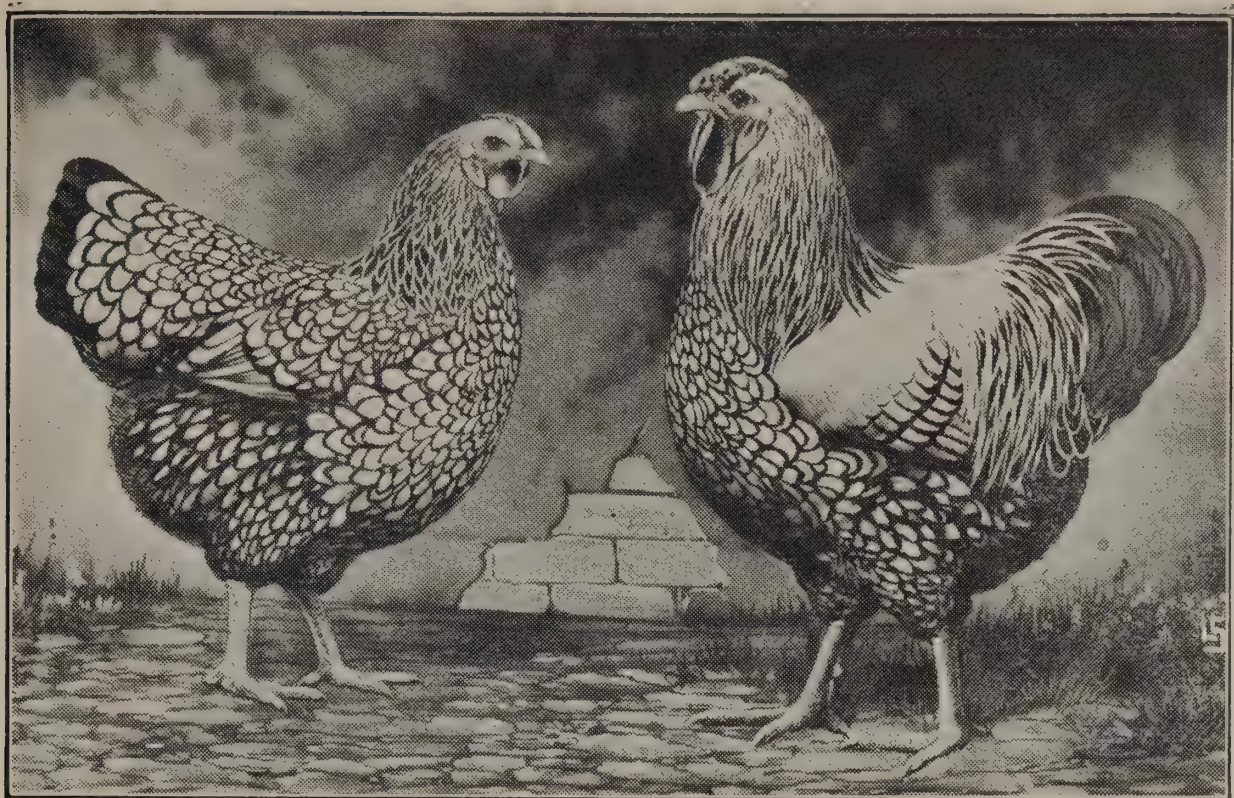
Hardy by nature, early maturing and their rapid growth are only a few of the advantages they have to recommend them. They are a very fine table fowl, because of the full roundness of their bodies, with unusually plump breasts. As layers they rank with the best, oftentimes starting to lay at the age of five months. Foy's Wyandottes are bred for early maturity, they lay uniformly large brown tinted eggs, especially during the cold winter months, when eggs bring the highest prices on the market.

In developing our strains of White Wyandottes we have spent considerable time and money with our breeding flocks. Through consistent culling and selection our Wyandottes have reached a high standard both in production and increased beauty, so that our chicks start out in life with every advantage to make them profitable for you.

We are glad of the opportunity to tell you about our White Wyandottes because they have been favorites with us, and it is our expressed purpose to deliver to you White Wyandotte chicks that will live, grow and prove profitable. That policy has been responsible for our success in the poultry business.

Single males, \$3.00 to \$4.00; one male and one female, \$6.00; one male and two females, \$8.50; one male and four females, \$13.50; one male and ten females, \$25.00. See colored insert for prices on Baby Chicks.
See page 10 for prices on chicks and eggs from Frank Foy Special Exhibition Matings.

	15	30	45	100	200
Eggs—Quality Matings.....	\$1.75	\$3.00	\$4.00	\$6.00	\$10.00
“ Standard Matings.....	1.50	2.75	3.75	5.00	9.00
“ from Special Matings....	3.00 per 15 straight.				



Silver Laced Wyandottes

THE old original variety of the Wyandotte family, a little more skill being required to breed for color, yet a challenge to the careful breeder who is after the out-of-the-ordinary. Their silver lacing when bred according to the standard is like a beautiful pattern moulded only as nature can perform this difficult task, when assisted by the skillful hand of the breeder himself.

Mating Silver Laced Wyandottes is an interesting study, and the reward is a beautiful specimen worthy of the admiration of everyone. Although they have been kept a little in the background by varieties easier to breed to color, they have always maintained a lot of friends who have kept up their good and valuable qualities; they are easily raised, quick to mature, and a wonderful table fowl, in fact they have been favorites in markets all over the world for their excellent table qualities.

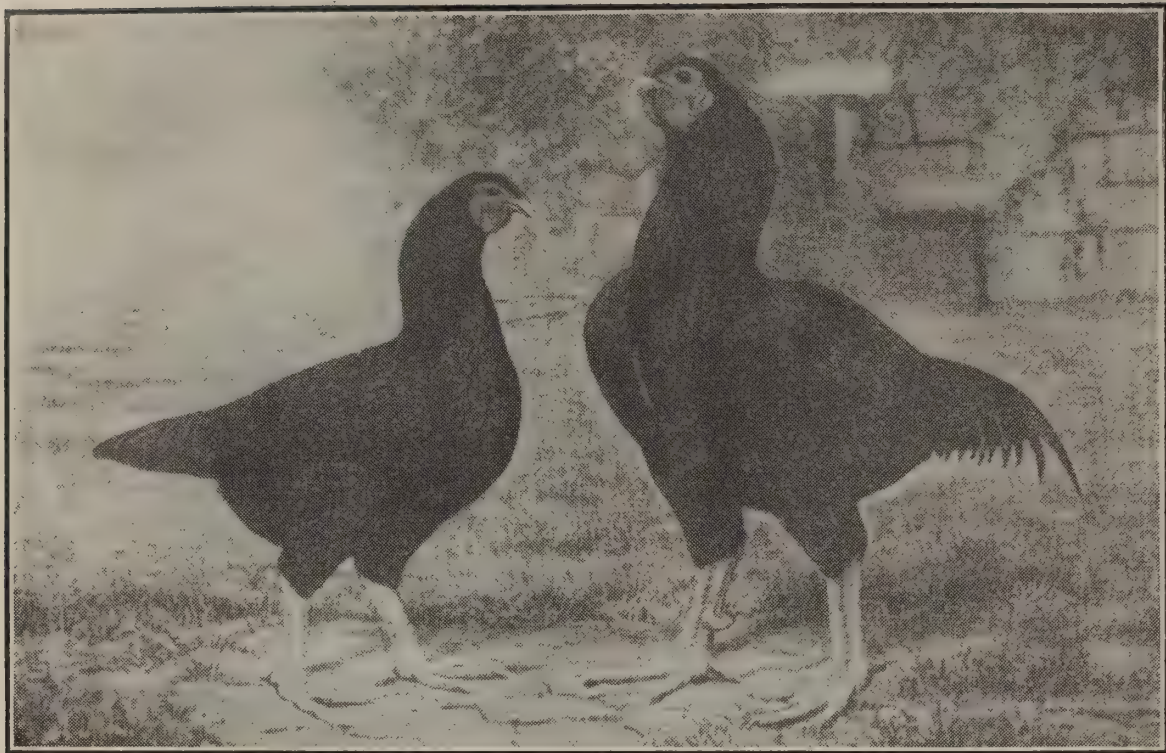
As layers they have no superior, laying a large well-shaped brown egg, and in such quantities to make them very profitable from the egg-laying standpoint, especially so during the late fall and winter months when it is most profitable to market eggs. They are extra good rustlers, and will do well even with ordinary care.

We are happy to offer chicks, eggs and stock from our tried and proven strains of Silver Wyandottes, and can assure you the utmost in quality when you send your order to us, whether for chicks, eggs or stock.

Each year we spend considerable time working with our Silver Wyandottes, culling out specimens not up to our standard of quality. We do not overlook the utility features, for after all the hen that lays is the hen that pays. The chicks we hatch then have every advantage in the way of vigor and health, a very important feature from the standpoint of good egg-production and profits.

Single males, \$3.00 to \$4.00; one male and one female, \$6.00; one male and two females, \$8.50; one male and four females, \$13.50; one male and ten females, \$25.00. See colored insert for prices on Baby Chicks.
See page 10 for prices on chicks and eggs from Frank Foy Special Exhibition Matings.

	15	30	45	100	200
Eggs—Quality Matings.....	\$1.75	\$3.00	\$4.00	\$6.00	\$10.00
“ Standard Matings.....	1.50	2.75	3.75	5.00	9.00
“ from Special Matings....	3.00 per 15 straight.				



Dark Cornish

HERE is a breed of extraordinary market qualities, known for their size, good, full breasts and a choice table fowl. A comparatively new breed, yet gaining friends very fast. They are a good general purpose breed, very hardy, and very closely feathered with a very small pea comb. Their general appearance indicates a very powerful bird, with a broad body, thick and compact;

the flesh is firm and solid. Dark Cornish are becoming very popular in the shows, and we believe in the near future will become one of the popular breeds. There is so much to recommend them. They have attractive type, good size, and are very active. As layers they compare favorably with the Plymouth Rocks and Wyandottes. Stock is still very limited, and if you are thinking of making a start in Cornish, we advise ordering early.

Single males, \$4.00 to \$5.00; one male and one female, \$7.50; one male and two females, \$11.00; one male and four females, \$16.00; one male and ten females, \$32.50. See colored insert for prices on Baby Chicks.

See page 10 for prices on chicks and eggs from Frank Foy Special Exhibition Matings.

	15	30	45	100	200
Eggs—Quality Matings.....	\$2.25	\$4.00	\$5.00	\$8.50	\$16.00
“ from Special Matings....	3.00 per 15 straight.				

Golden Wyandottes

THE Golden Wyandotte originated not far from Clinton, and, naturally, the best specimens are still to be found near their first home. We are the originators of the Frank Foy strain, and the birds we offer are well deserving the name they have made as the beauty variety of the Wyandotte family. They are quiet, make excellent mothers, have good size, are very hardy and easy to grow. They are excellent winter layers. Are always bright and clear and do not fade in the sun, as a lot of two colored birds usually do. After laying heavily, their feathers remain remarkably clear. They are justly called the beauty breed.



Single males, \$4.00 to \$5.00; one male and one female, \$7.50; one male and two females, \$11.00; one male and four females, \$16.00; one male and ten females, \$32.50. See colored insert for prices on Baby Chicks.

See page 10 for prices on chicks and eggs from Frank Foy Special Exhibition Matings.

	15	30	45	100	200
Eggs—Quality Matings.....	\$2.25	\$4.00	\$5.00	\$8.50	\$16.00
“ Standard Matings.....	1.75	3.25	4.25	7.50	14.00
“ from Special Matings....	3.00 per 15 straight.				

Foy's "Super-Bred" Chicks

FOR the past few years we have made some extensive experiments in crossbreeding some of our well established strains of pure bred varieties, with the result that after a number of rigid tests, we are now ready to offer to our customers and friends a strain of "Super-Hybrid" Chicks. These chicks not only have inherited qualities such as rapid growth, vitality and good egg production in excess and superior to their parents, but we can definitely determine the sex immediately after they are hatched. Thus, with Foy's Super-Bred chicks you can now with absolute assurance determine beforehand the number of chicks you will have to buy to get either all females, if you want layers; or all males if you are raising poultry for market only.

"Super-Bred" Chicks Actually Out-yield the Best Production Strains of Layers

In the course of our experiments we found that cross-breeding of Rhode Island Red males with Barred Rock females produced hybrids that in each case were superior to the parent stock. On the male side as well as the female side, the chicks from these matings outgrew the chicks raised from either breed; the chick mortality was less. Besides laying a slightly larger egg, the hybrid pullets produced a greater egg yield by far than pullets raised from either the Rhode Island Red or Barred Rock matings exclusively. The fact that hybrids out-yield the best production strain of layers has been proven conclusively in England, where they are produced in greater numbers each year, which indicates that the unusual hybrid vigor is merely a restoration of vigor, lost through successive in-breeding. In the cross-breeding the daughters resemble the father in color, while the sons the mother. However, "Super-Bred" stock, superior in comparison to the breeds used in its origin, cannot be used as breeders, for in the second generation they very definitely lose all the super-qualities for which these hybrids are known.

The charts on this page clearly show the compari-

sons in favor of "Super-Bred" chicks when mortality, growth and egg-production are considered.

You Can Get All Female Chicks

In raising chicks for a good flock of layers, buying all female chicks is a big advantage, since you can raise just the number of pullets you want, without the bother of raising males. Since it takes double the amount of regular pure-bred chicks to raise the required amount of pullets, you can readily see the advantage of buying Foy's "Super-Bred" chicks, for every chick you raise will be a pullet and develop into a heavy layer of good-size eggs, especially in the season of high prices. "Super-Bred" pullets will continue their laying very profitably for several years.

The pullet chicks from these hybrid matings are dark and come to you all alike in color; they retain this similarity in their growing months, making the flock quite uniform and good to look at.

All Male Chicks If You Want Them

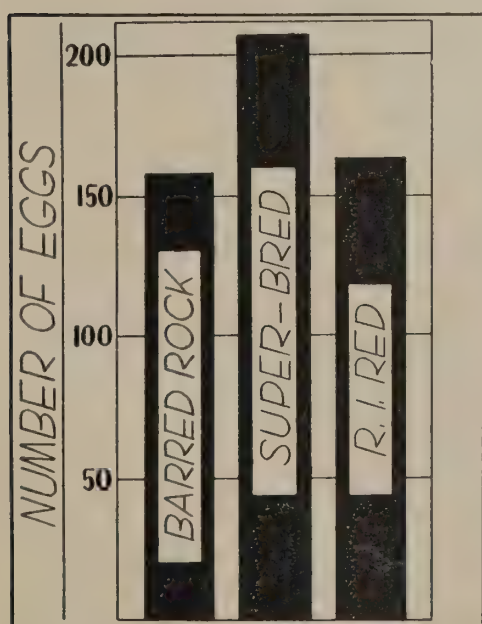
"Super-Bred" male chicks are especially valuable for the broiler and roaster trade, making them profitable for the market. They feather very rapidly, and will make two-pound broilers in about two months. On account of their rapid growth they are also preferred for soft roasters. Males as you know grow faster than pullets, and because of this, cross-bred male chicks with their tendency to extra fast growth are ideal as a profitable market fowl.

Superior by Comparison

In the National Egg Laying Contest conducted in the British Isles in 1928-'29, several pens of hybrid pullets were entered. The final reports showed after a year's test that hybrids had a higher egg-production than any other breed in the contest, that they laid an average egg size equal to that of the better of the two breeds used for crossing, and in all qualities were equal or superior to the better of the two parents. "Do not confuse these chicks with mongrels. A mongrel is the result of promiscuous breeding, while our "Super-Bred" chicks are the result of as definite a system of breeding as is the pure bred."

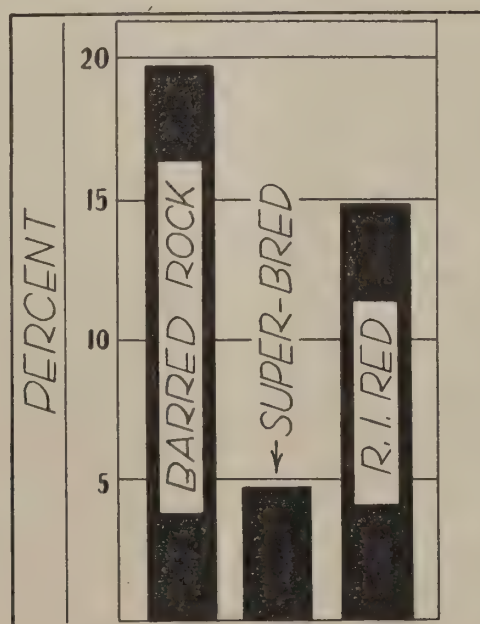
Whether you wish increased egg production at a lowered cost, or a market fowl maturing quickly at extra profits, you can depend on Foy's "Super-Bred" chicks to make good. That's the reason they are superior by comparison—they've been bred that way.

See colored insert for chick prices.



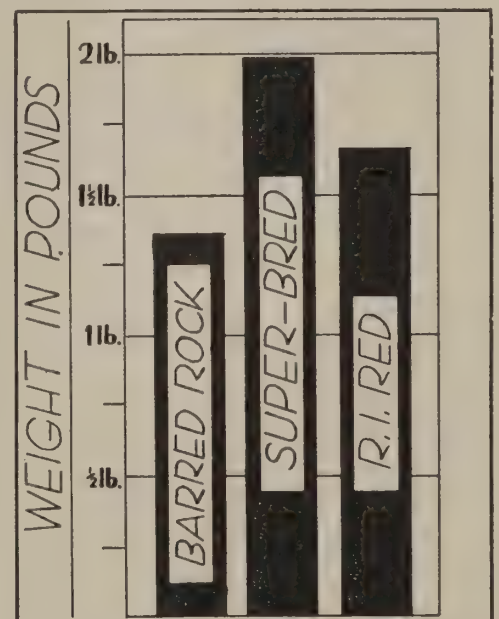
EGG PRODUCTION
(PULLET YEAR)

In egg production the "Super-Bred" pullets far outclassed their pure-bred half sisters. Compare the 225 eggs per year flock average of the "Super-Bred" pullets, with the 160 for the Barred Rocks and 175 for the R. I. Reds.



MORTALITY TO
3 WEEKS OF AGE

The above chart clearly shows the increase in vigor of the "Super-Bred" chicks. At eight weeks of age approximately 80 out of 100 Barred Rock chicks were living, 84 R. I. Reds out of 100, while from the cross of the two breeds 95 Super-Bred chicks were still doing fine.



WEIGHT IN POUNDS
8 WEEKS OF AGE

At Eight weeks of age the Barred Rock chicks averaged 1 3/8 pounds in weight, the R. I. Reds 1 5/8 pounds, and the Super-Bred 2 pounds. Thus the "Super-Bred" chicks gained almost one-third faster. Our own experience has taught us that "Super-Bred" cockerels will develop to four pounds while their pure bred half brothers of the same age will only weigh three



Colored Homers

THE Colored Homer traces its origin back many years to the Flying Homer. These first Homers were valued highly as racing stock. The birds kept for breeding had to be winners, performers of distinction, and to make a good showing among hundreds of others culled for perfect health, rugged endurance, speed, and inexhaustible vitality.

The Squabbing Homer of today is a direct descendant of the first racing birds, bred to a larger size for squab producing purposes. Because it still retains all of its traits of health, endurance, and rugged vitality it is a tireless worker. That is why the Homer is known as the fastest worker of all the utility breeds.

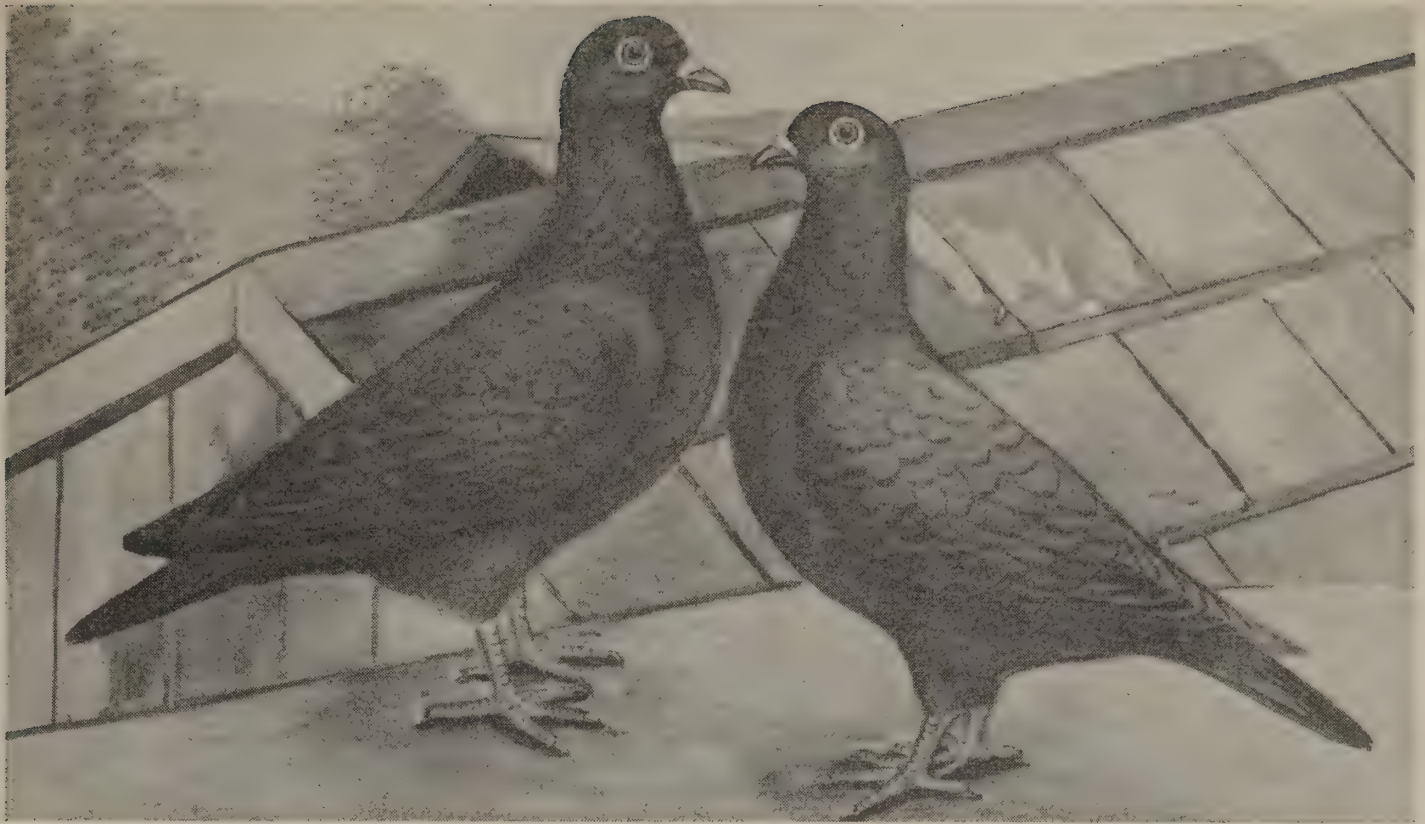
Good size and breeding are the main things to take into consideration when buying foundation stock, not the color. Homers do not breed true to plumage—the different colors that are in their blood will show up in the offspring. It is far more important that you get your start from a well-bred working strain, because production qualities are bred in pigeons the same as high egg production is developed in poultry.

We have divided our Colored Homers into two grades. The general matings are made up of birds of first-class quality. For those who want the very biggest birds, we have the special large matings. The difference between the two grades is not very great, but it is enough to make it an object to anyone who wants the best.

General Matings Colored Homers		Special Large Matings Mammoth Colored Homers	
Single pair.....	\$ 2.75	Single pair.....	\$ 3.00
Three pairs.....	7.25	Three pairs.....	8.00
Five pairs.....	11.25	Five pairs.....	12.50
Ten pairs.....	22.50	Ten pairs.....	25.00
Twenty-five pairs.....	55.00	Twenty-five pairs.....	60.00

Larger orders a matter of correspondence.

Jumbo Homers or oversized birds of any kind, are poor breeders, and are not suitable for squab raisers because they do not breed fast enough.



Genuine Belgian Carneaux

ALTHOUGH the Carneaux are a French breed of pigeons, they have been greatly improved by the Belgians until now the best birds of this breed are imported from Belgian stock.

Carneaux are bred in a variety of colors; the two most often used as squab producers are the Splashed Red and the Yellow or Buff. The picture above can not begin to show the beautiful luster of their plumage or their proud, active carriage. Carneaux like these would cost from \$6.00 to \$8.00 per pair if bought from other breeders, but following our regular rule we are making prices that divide profits with our customers. We have never yet found anyone who began with Carneaux that did not like them. They are a very healthy breed of pigeons, strong and active on the wing, good breeders and, what is more, careful feeders. We do not believe that there is any breed of pigeons on earth that will beat them in the number of squabs they will average per pair in a year. It is very seldom that you will find the Carneaux solid red without any white in their plumage. For this reason there is an extra charge for solid red birds, although they are not any better workers than the splashed red type.

Our stock is as good as can be found in this country, direct from imported strains, and may be depended on to be good workers and to produce market-topping squabs.

Variety	Single Pair	Two Pairs	Five Pairs	Ten Pairs
Splashed Red.....	\$3.50	\$6.50	\$15.00	\$30.00
Yellow.....	4.00	7.50	17.50	32.50
Solid Red.....	4.00 per pair straight			
Pure Black.....	5.00 per pair straight.			

Milwaukee, Wis.

Frank Foy & Sons.

Gentlemen—Would like your new catalog. I have purchased pigeons from your organization several times and was thoroughly pleased with your stock. I have purchased birds from many other places and can honestly say that the birds I received from you have them all beat.

Very truly yours,
WILLIAM NEUMANN.

West Allis, Wisconsin.

Frank Foy Farms.

Dear Sirs—I received my Racing Homers in good condition. They are very fine birds. All my neighbors like them.

Yours truly,
OSCAR LINTNER.

Media, Pa.

Frank Foy & Sons.

Dear Sirs—Received the Racing Homers in good condition. The hen has eggs which will hatch soon. Everyone who sees my pigeons praises them. I will have another order for you soon.

Very truly yours,
ALBERT E. HALL, JR.

Canastota, N. Y.

Frank Foy & Sons.

Dear Sirs—I received the White Kings in perfect condition. They are fine looking birds, and are worth the money paid for them. I have had the birds only fourteen hours and they have laid one egg already. I am thanking you for these fine birds and hope to order again in the near future.

Very truly yours,
MERRILL WILSON.

Rogers, Arkansas.

Frank Foy Poultry Farm.

Dear Sirs—Just a line in regard to the fine pair of Silver Kings received. They could not have been any finer. The hen is building her nest now, which is quick work. Again thanking you for the nice birds you sent me.

Yours truly,
MRS. JENNIE COY.

New Haven, Conn.

Frank Foy.

Dear Sir—I received your shipment of Fantail pigeons O. K. They are the best pigeons I ever laid my eyes on. Thanks for the fine selection of birds. Very truly yours,
ERNEST GOODMASTER.



White Kings

ABOVE is an illustration of the White Kings as raised in our lofts here at the Foy Farms. The White King is a breed that is fast coming into popularity. Each year more and more of the commercial squab men are looking with favor on the Kings, and it is not uncommon, particularly here in the middle west, to see large squab plants stocked entirely with birds of this fine, large breed.

As a producer of squabs weighing uniformly twelve pounds to the dozen, the King is unexcelled, and it is squabs of such weight that the market, particularly west of the Alleghenies, calls for and is actually willing to pay a premium for.

Both White and Silver Kings are easily confined, healthy, resistant to disease, careful feeders, and raise a large percentage of their squabs. In type they are close feathered, short, blocky, and very wide across breast and shoulders. The Squabs are white meated, very plump, invariably bring top market prices, and stand shipment well.

We recommend this breed to anyone starting out in the squab business.

Single Pair.....	\$ 4.00	Two Pairs.....	\$ 7.50
Five Pairs.....	17.50	Ten Pairs.....	32.50
Twenty-five Pairs.....	75.00	Fifty Pairs.....	145.00

Marshfield, Wisconsin.

Frank Foy & Sons.

Dear Sirs—I want to thank you for the White Homers you sent me. I received them on Saturday and on the following Sunday they had eggs. Now I have squabs. You certainly send what a fellow orders. I am thinking of getting some White Homers to show at our State Fair this fall, as I am sure you will send me prize winners.

Yours very truly,
DuWAYNE ECKES.

Juneau, Wisconsin.

Frank Foy Poultry Farm.

Dear Sirs—I received my Yellow Carneaux May 21st and they laid their first egg May 29th. I am very much pleased with both the Carneaux and your service. I will refer anyone I know who wants pigeons to you.

Yours truly,
ALVIN FREDRICK.

Cutchogue, L. I., N. Y.

Frank Foy.

Dear Sir—Received my pigeons O. K. They are the finest birds I have ever seen. Could not be better pleased than I am with them. Yours for more business.

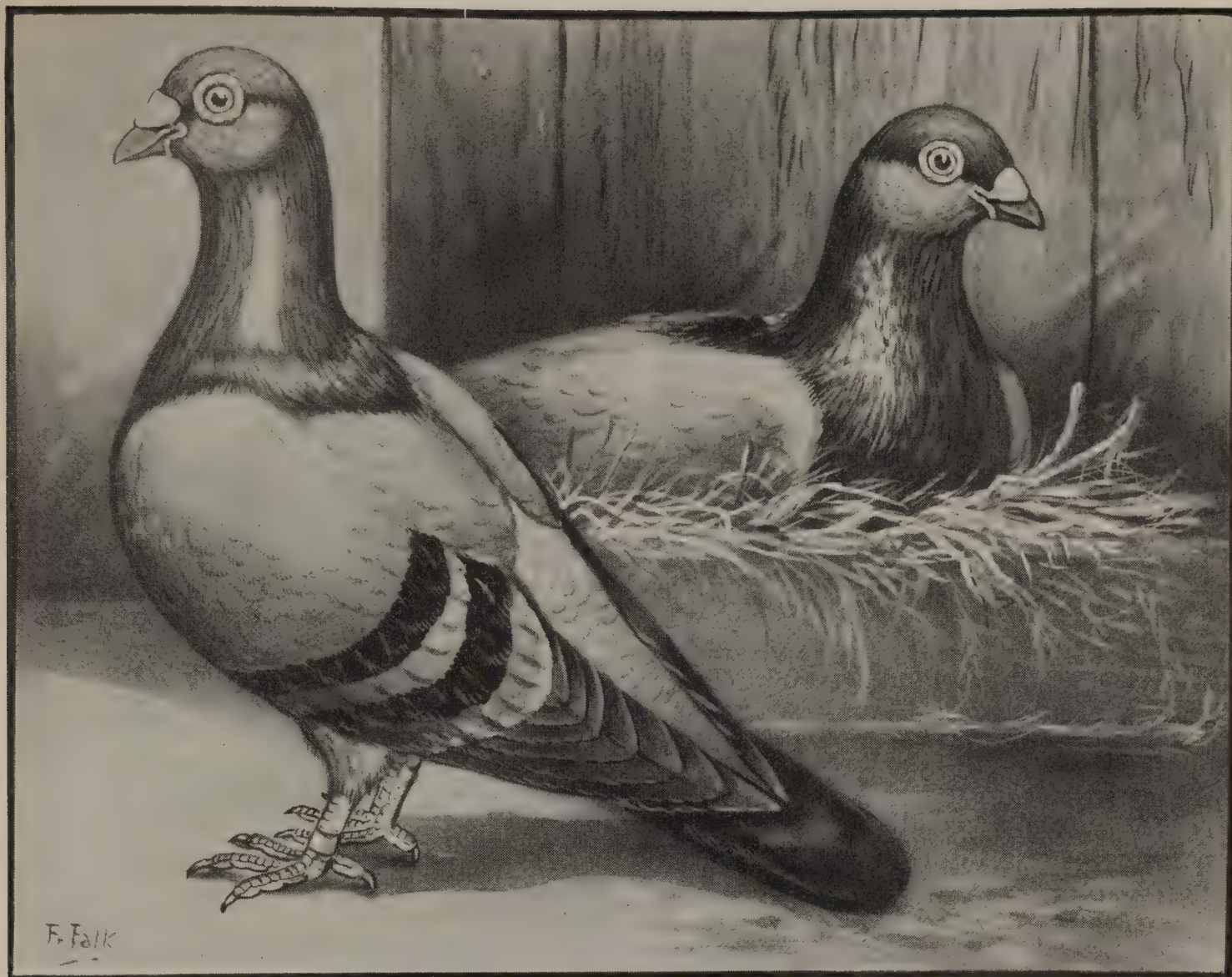
Yours very truly,
EUGENE GAGEN.

Belmond, Iowa.

Frank Foy.

Dear Sir—Received my pigeons O. K., fine looking pair. They are cooing and starting to work. I wish to thank you for the excellent choice you made. Also for your promptness.

Very truly yours,
WILBUR LUICK.



Silver Kings

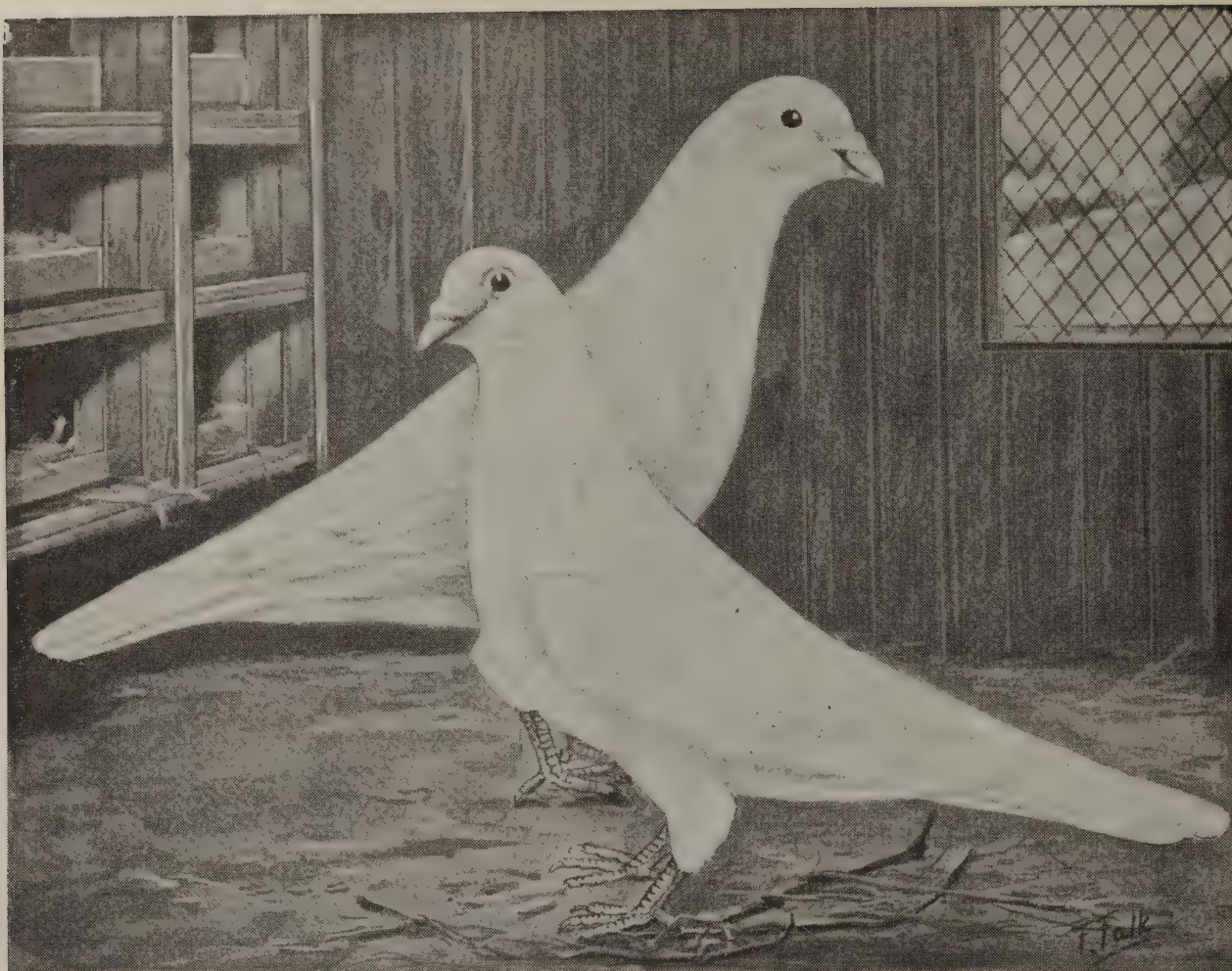
SILVER Kings resemble the White Kings but are somewhat larger in size. This wonderful breed was originated in California and our foundation stock was secured from the best Silver King breeders known at that time. We started breeding them over four years ago, purchasing the best we could get. After four years of breeding we find the Silver King to be a bird of quality and a squab producer that can not be surpassed, raising squabs that average from $1\frac{1}{4}$ pounds up to 24 ounces each. There are not many Silver Kings in the country, but they have proved to be such good breeders of large squabs that they are bound to become one of the leading breeds in a short time. We have thoroughly tested this breed before offering it to the public and have rejected all birds for our breeding pens that would not produce nine pairs of squabs a year. The squabs are of large size, white meated, and very hardy and easy to raise. For the show pen, they are in our estimation as fine a bird as ever stood before a judge, a splendid, large, beautifully colored bird, well built and wonderful lines.

Silver Kings attract attention at once even from those who know little about pigeons and anyone who gets them will like them. We are now ready to offer a limited number for sale at the following prices:

Single pair.....	\$5.00	Two pairs.....	\$9.00
Five pairs.....	\$21.50	Ten pairs.....	\$40.00

List of Commission Houses that Buy Squabs

1. Spencer Produce Co., 14-16 West 4th St., Kansas City, Missouri.
2. A. Robine, 56 South Water Market, Chicago, Illinois.
3. E. L. Lynch Poultry Co., 807 North Fourth St., St. Louis, Missouri.
4. Nathan Schweitzer Co., 407-411 West 14th Street, New York, N. Y.
5. Wilson & Co., 221-223 North Green Street, Chicago, Illinois.
6. Bruno Franz Sons, 919 North Broadway, St. Louis, Missouri.
7. Security Produce Co., 1118 West Randolph Street, Chicago, Illinois.
8. Harbaugh & Co., San Francisco, California.
9. Max Wolfen & Co., San Francisco, California.



Swiss Mondaines

WE BREED the White Swiss Mondaines. They are a little larger than the White Kings and Carneau, but do not breed quite as fast. For a number of years we have been breeding the White Swiss Mondaines, with the object of producing a good strain for squab breeding. Because they are not such prolific breeders as the Homers and Carneau they were never considered as profitable. After several years of experimenting, culling and selecting the best workers and fastest breeders, we have been able to produce Swiss Mondaines that are as prolific breeders as the Homers and Carneau. Pairs that did not produce eight pairs of squabs per year were broken up and all poor breeders and poor producers were marketed. We are now ready to offer you breeding stock from these special strains, which has cost much time and many dollars to build up.

Single pairs, \$5.00; two pairs, \$9.00; five pairs, \$21.50; ten pairs, \$40.00



Hungarians---A Beauty Breed

HERE is a breed that is both a show breed and a good squab breed. Odd in shape and in color markings they come in black, red, yellow, blue with black bars. The colors are distributed so as to give the birds a striking appearance. The side of the head and base down the breast, upper portion of the wings and tail are colored while the remainder of the plumage is pure white. The tail is carried high which makes the bird seem short, but they have the weight and produce squabs regularly that weigh from 18 to 20 ounces each. There are only a few of this breed in this country and my stock comes directly from

importations. Their native country is Hungary. We will sell a few pairs, *our selection* of colors, at \$6.00 a pair. We are sure this breed is going to make friends rapidly.

White Homers

WHITE Homers are the most beautiful birds of the whole Homer family. Pure White, plump, and of the true Homer size; a flock of these birds is the kind that anyone may be proud of and the firm white meat of the squabs makes them a favorite in any market where they are offered.

The genuine White Homer has all the good qualities of its cousin, the Colored Homer. It is primarily a squabbing breed, but unlike the Colored Homer, breeds true to color. You will find birds of this breed small eaters, regular and reliable breeders, and good feeders. They frequently have eggs in one nest while rearing a pair of half grown squabs in another—showing the same trait as the Colored Homer which is known the world over as a prolific breeder.

Squabs from the White Homers are plump and firm. They gain weight rapidly, feather early, and will bring you top price in their class on the market.

Single pair, \$3.25; Two pairs, \$6.00; Five pairs, \$14.00; Ten pairs, \$27.50; Twenty-five pairs, \$65.00.



Fantail Pigeons

IF Pouters are to be considered the aristocrats of the pigeon family, then Fantails must follow next, as their dainty beauty and peculiarities make them a never ceasing source of pleasure. The Fantail spreads its tail as a lady does her fan, throws back its head until head and tail touch, thus making its breast very prominent and struts about in the sun like some vain lady trying to attract attention. They are very gentle and easily tamed and add to the appearance of any place where they are kept.

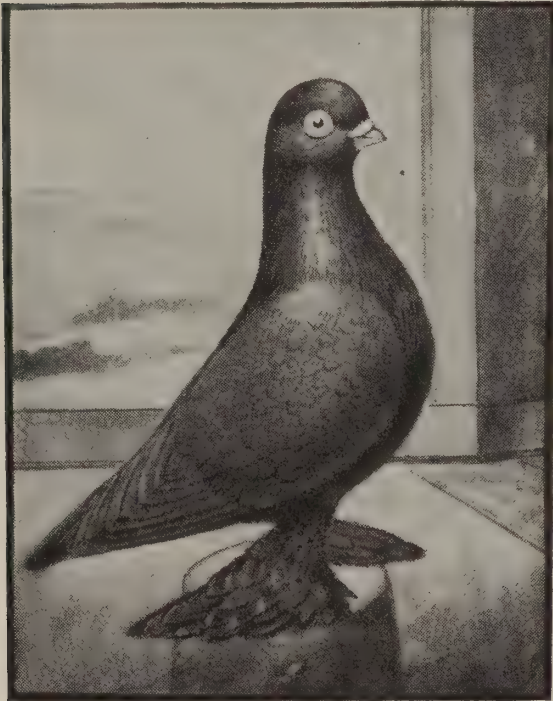
We breed the Fantails here in our lofts in many different colors. The greatest demand, of course, is for the pure white pairs, although we have some very fine mated pairs of Yellows, Blacks, Reds, Blues and Saddles.

While the Blue and Splashed Fantails are listed at a somewhat lower price, they are just as good breeders, fully as large, and have the same proud carriage and well spread fan as the higher priced birds.

	Per pair	Two pairs
Blue Fantails.....	\$3.75	\$ 7.00
Splashed (Mixed Colors).....	3.75	7.00
Pure White.....	4.50	8.50
Saddles.....	4.50	8.50
Pure Red.....	6.00	10.50
Pure Yellow.....	6.00	10.50
Pure Black.....	6.00	10.50

Tumblers

THE Tumbler belongs to the small, performing class of ornamentals. It is one of the oldest of the fancy breeds, having been bred extensively more than a hundred years ago in England. Well bred Tumblers are compact, close feathered, and alert. They are very hardy little specimens of the pigeon world, and will grow fat on half the feed required to keep the larger breeds. They are persistent workers, careful of their young, and outclass the Homers in squabs produced per year. When the young are properly trained and allowed to fly at large they soon become entertaining acrobats of the air. Because they are better feeders, we breed the long faced type in both the Muffed and Clean Leg varieties.



Muffed Tumblers

The picture at the left illustrates a Muffed Tumbler. In this variety the legs and toes are plentifully supplied with feathers. The Muffed Tumbler is considered somewhat harder to breed than the Clean Legged, and therefore sells for a higher price. We have some good ones in our loft.

Prices on Muffed Tumblers.....\$4.00 per pair

Clean Leg Tumblers

This variety is the same in size and type as the tumbler pictured above, except that its legs and feet are free from feathers. For this reason it is classed as a Clean Leg Tumbler. Mated and working pairs are available in a wide selection of colors.

Prices on Clean Leg Tumblers.....\$3.00 per pair

English Pouters

If any breed of pigeons can be said to be dignified the Pouter is that breed. They have been called the King breed and they dispute with Fantails the right to be called the aristocratic breed. Certainly there is no breed that a pigeon breeder can take more pride in than a loft of good Pouters. They have the curious ability to fill their crops with air until they are puffed out like a well filled balloon and so large that they can lay their beak on top of it and hide it completely.

Pigmy Pouters

Pigmy Pouters are exactly like other Pouters, except that they are very much smaller. In Pouters we cannot always supply special colors and our prices are made for birds of our own selection. Anyone wanting certain colors or especially fine exhibition birds should write for prices, which will always be low for the quality priced.

Prices for English Pouters.....\$8.00 per pair straight
Prices for Pigmy Pouters..... 3.50 per pair straight



Price List of Other Breeds of Pigeons That We Do Not Have Illustrated

We are breeding a number of fancy varieties of pigeons that we do not have room to illustrate. There is a demand for such birds.

Maltese, Hen Pigeons, per pair..	\$ 5.00	Jacobins.....	\$ 5.00
White Runts.....	8.00	Birmingham Rollers.....	4.00
Magpies.....	5.00	Turbits.....	5.00
Archangels.....	5.00	Dragoons.....	4.00
Owls.....	5.00	German Larks.....	5.00

Racing Homers

THE sport of racing pigeons has been known in England and Belgium for many years. The World War added fresh impetus to the breeding of flying Homers for intelligence purposes, and these plucky little birds often played an important part in relaying messages when all other means of communication had failed.

It is the nature of a Racing Homer to always return to the loft where it has been raised. Because of this, adult birds bought from some other loft should be kept confined, but the young they raise when properly trained will invariably come home to your own loft.

We breed the true Racing Homer and our stock consists of some of America's and England's best blood lines. Each bird sold is seamless birth banded with a non-removable band showing the year in which it was born, its pedigree number, and the club or federation in which it is registered. Complete pedigree papers accompany each bird.

If you are going to join a flying club and register your birds with it, remember that it is necessary to use seamless banded and pedigreed breeding stock. Unbanded and unregistered birds are not eligible to compete in races held by most flying clubs. All old birds we sell have records of 150 miles or better.

Racing Homers, seamless birth banded and with complete pedigree papers, per pair \$5.00
Racing Homers from pedigreed stock but which are not banded and with which we do not furnish papers, per pair..... 3.00



For Maximum Pigeon Health Be Sure to Feed Foy's Pigeon Grit

A good health grit is one of the essentials of pigeon raising. Since a pigeon has no teeth, the grain in its gizzard must be broken up by sharp sand or gravel. Pigeons flying at large can pick up what they need in grit and minerals, but those confined to lofts do not have this chance. Working birds should have shell producing material in their ration at all times. If such material is not to be had the bird draws from the lime reserve in its own body to produce the egg shell. When no mineral is being fed to replace this lime, the bird will soon cease production or suffer damage to her health. The result is infertile and soft shelled eggs, weak and sickly squabs.

After experiments running through several years we have developed a health grit that gives us entire satisfaction. It contains grit and shell producing minerals, and in addition other ingredients that act as a tonic and keep the birds in perfect health. The birds clean it up without waste.

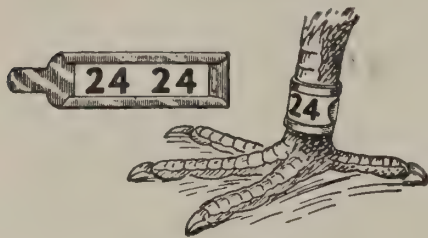
Feed our grit regularly. It helps prevent sickness and other ailments. Your trouble from squabs dead in the nest, from infertile eggs, from weak or sickly squabs will almost entirely disappear. Full directions for feeding included with each sack.

50 lbs.	\$1.00	200 lbs.	\$3.00
100 lb. bag	1.75	300 lbs.	4.00
500 lbs.			\$5.50

Unless otherwise specified all grit is shipped by freight. Remember that the minimum freight rate is based on 100 lbs. It costs just as much to ship 50 lbs. as it does 100 lbs.

Pigeon Supplies

Colored Leg Bands in Double Numbers



These bands are too well known to give a description of them but they are made of Aluminum with celluloid numbers on them and you can get any color but when ordering give us second choice of colors.

Sometimes we are out of one color. These bands run in numbers from 1 to 100, they come flat. Roll them around something round and they are easily adjusted to the leg. These bands come in pairs only and should be ordered in pairs.

PRICES (Postage Paid)

6 pairs	\$0.25	50 pairs.....	\$2.00
12 pairs	.50	100 pairs.....	4.00
25 pairs	1.00		

We also have Colored Number bands for nest boxes at the following prices, note illustration. Number 60 is a marker for a nest box and not a band.

12 Markers....	\$0.25	50 Markers....	\$1.00
25 Markers....	.50	100 Markers....	2.00

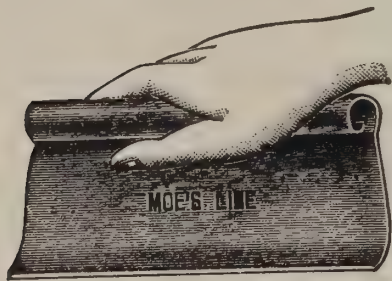
Galvanized Steel Nest Bowls

Made of heavy galvanized steel. Diameter 8 inches with a small hole punched in center so it can be fastened securely in the nest.



Light in weight, yet substantial and easily cleaned. Price, per dozen, postpaid..... \$2.20

Scraper and Cleaner



Made of heavy galvanized steel for cleaning off nest boards, perches, brood coops, etc. It gets into the corners which are often overlooked. Price, each, postpaid..... \$0.30

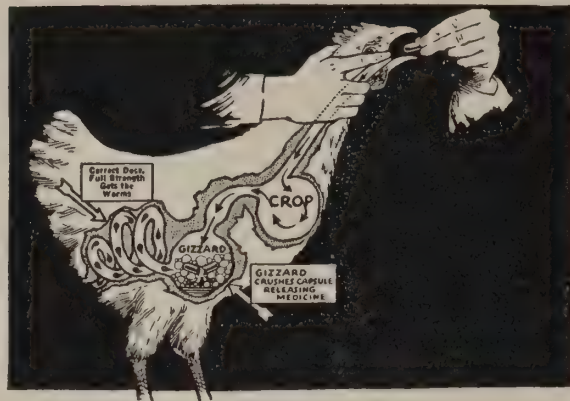
Round Pigeon Feeder

An ideal pigeon feeder for the small loft. Prevents scattering and wasting of feed. The hopper has a slanting bottom leading through a large tube to the feeding bottom. This feeding trough or bottom is also made on a slant which causes the birds to reach for the grain and prevents wasting. Made of heavy galvanized steel. Capacity, six quarts.



Price, each, postpaid.....	\$1.50
One-half dozen, postpaid.....	8.00

Gizzard Capsules for Worms

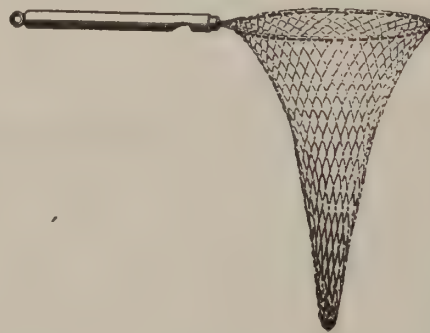


The Gizzard Capsule is an insoluble capsule carrying a triple combination worm medicine for Tape Worms,

Round Worms and Pin Worms. Being insoluble it passes through the mouth, throat, crop and stomach of the fowl to the gizzard where it is ground up like a grain of corn, pouring the full strength, undiluted medicine directly into the intestines upon the worms.

Prepared in two sizes	Adult Size	Chick Size
50 capsule package.....	\$ 1.00	\$0.50
100 capsule package.....	1.75	.90
250 capsule package.....	4.00	2.00
500 capsule size.....	7.00	3.50
1000 capsule size.....	12.00	6.00

Nets for Catching Pigeons



Every handler of pigeons needs a net to catch them with and after a while they get very expert at it and can catch any bird that they can reach. Flies should not be built higher than you can reach with

a net. A short handle is better than a long one. They weigh two pounds packed for shipment. Price, 85c, postage paid.

Poultry Bands



Adjustable Aluminum leg bands. Made of sheet aluminum with raised numbers. Adjustable for any fowl. Easily applied. Packed in paper cartons of 12, 25, 50 and 100 bands each. Numbered consecutively.

per 12	per 25	per 50	per 100
\$0.20	\$0.30	\$0.50	\$0.75

Incubator and Brooder Thermometers

Tested and accurate, easy to read. Mailed to you prepaid. Please state when ordering whether for incubator or brooder.

Brooder, price each.....	\$0.50
Incubator, price each.....	.75

Tobacco Stems

When used for nesting material are preventive for lice in nests or on squabs, because of their nicotine content.

Price, per 200 lb. bale, f. o. b. Clinton....	\$3.50
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Poultry Remedies and Supplies

A DEPENDABLE WORM CAPSULE FOR CHICKENS and TURKEYS



A PARKE-DAVIS PRODUCT

LARGE ROUNDWORMS and TAPEWORMS

ONE TREATMENT KILLS BOTH

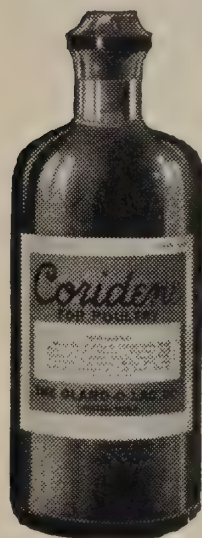
EASY TO GIVE—QUICK ACTION—EFFICIENT

We use C-A Worm Capsules to worm all of our breeding birds at least once a year. They are very efficient and do not throw laying birds out of production.

C-A Worm Capsules No. 195 for Pullets (Box of 50) \$.90

C-A Worm Capsules No. 196 for Adult Birds (Box of 50) 1.25

—Ask for Free C-A Booklet—



Coridene

A very effective treatment and remedy for Coccidiosis in fowls and chicks. Easy to administer and guaranteed to check Coccidiosis in either chicks or adult fowls. One 16 oz. bottle will treat several hundred chicks or fowls.

8 oz. bottle.....\$1.00

16 oz. bottle..... 2.00

Neol

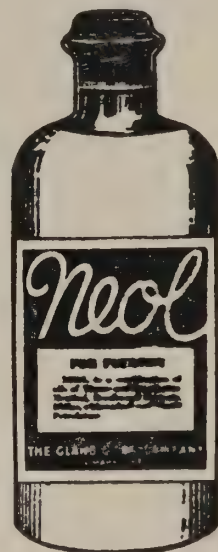
(Formerly Roup Remedy)

Used in treating Roup, Colds, Catarrh, Bronchitis, "Flu" and other diseases of the respiratory tract in poultry.

Neol is a compound of antiseptic oils, some being far more powerful than Carbolic Acid, yet they are soothing and healing. Can be used either in drinking water, or as a spray.

6 oz. bottle.....\$1.00

16 oz. bottle..... 2.00



Oats Sprouter



Clean, freshly sprouted oats are the best conditioner known to poultry growers for the fall and winter seasons. By using our sprouter you will maintain a higher fertility of eggs for early hatches. This is the simplest, best and cheapest sprouter on the market.

Made of Galvanized steel throughout so that each section is independent of the others. No lamps are necessary; just keep in warm room or in a cellar. Soak the oats for several hours then place in pans and sprinkle daily. The diameter of each pan is 16 inches, with a depth of 1½ inches. All pans have perforated bottoms with the exception of the lowest, or drip pan.

4-tray sprouter, postpaid.....\$0.90

8-tray sprouter, postpaid..... 1.75

Foy's Lice Powder

Guaranteed to kill lice. If it does not work according to directions you get your money back. We have used this powder for over 20 years, and have had no complaints about it not killing lice. This powder can be used on matured fowls or small chicks. It will not harm them in the least. It will kill the lice, not drive them away or put them to sleep for a few hours. It is sure death to lice, or any kind of vermin that stay on fowls.

16 oz. package, postpaid.....40 cents

32 oz. package, postpaid.....70 cents

No-Pik Will Stop Cannibalism

Mixes with Blood—Sticks
Permanently—Heals the Wound

Keep a jar of No-Pik on hand to use at the first sign of toe picking or feather pulling. Will remedy these habits, and prevent more serious troubles.

3 oz. jar.....\$0.50

8 oz. jar..... 1.00

1½ lb. jar..... 2.50



Pigeon Houses

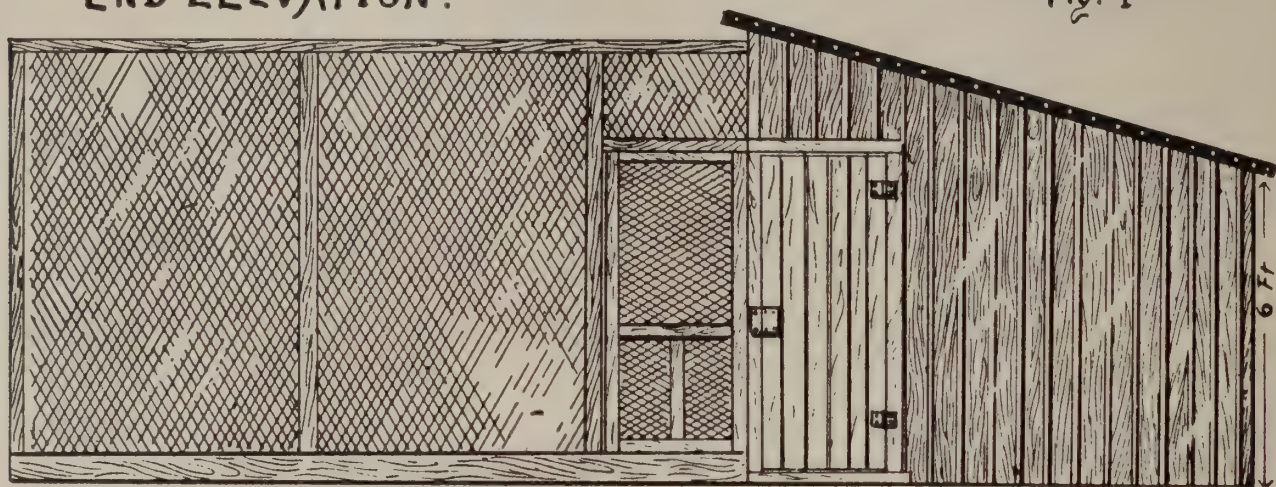
A good pigeon house for squab raising is important, but need not be expensive. It may be made as simple as you wish; in fact, the simpler, the better for the beginner. The type of loft you build will depend a great deal on the buildings and equipment available. The upstairs of a barn, garage or other building can be made into a splendid pigeon loft, the fly being located outside on the sloping roof. The side of the fly that rises from the eaves may be as high as the peak of the roof; thus the pigeons have the sloping roof for a floor and abundant room to fly about. Another advantage of this type of fly pen is that every rain washes the floor clean of droppings.

A downstairs room or corner of a barn may also be used to good advantage as a loft, with the fly placed outside on the ground. An old chicken house that is in good shape but no longer used for poultry will oftentimes make the best kind of a place for pigeons. A cement or wooden floor in the loft is best, but is not necessary if the ground is dry and well drained.

If a new house is to be built one should try to locate it on a site that is well drained, the back to the north and the front of the house and fly pen to the south. If the ground is not naturally drained, or is too level, provide drainage, as a dry floor in the loft is one of the most important factors for the health and comfort of the birds and the success of your enterprise.

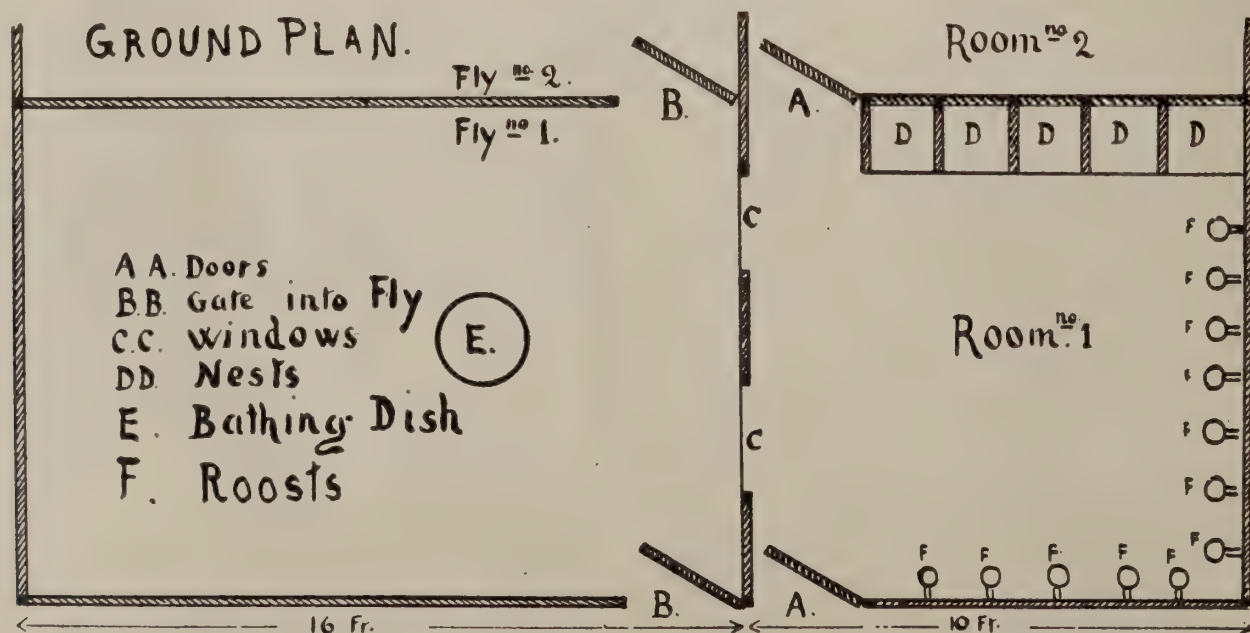
END ELEVATION.

Fig. 1



Pigeon House—Figure 1

Above is shown the end view of a pigeon house. It can be made either ten or twelve feet in width. It is six feet high at the back, eight at the front. The length of a house of this kind altogether depends on the number of pairs you wish to keep. A partition should be placed every ten feet throughout the house, dividing it into pens ten feet square. Each pen will then be sufficiently large for twenty-five working pairs. A house of this type one hundred feet in length is large enough for 250 pairs of pigeons, and should be built at a cost of from two hundred fifty to three hundred twenty-five dollars, including fly pens.



Ground Plan—Figure 2

Figure No. 2 shows the floor plan of one of the above described pens. If necessary, the nest boxes can be arranged on both side walls of the house. Do not put nests on the back wall that will face the front of the house if this can be avoided.

Perches or roosts in the fly pen are not necessary. A good plan is to build a six inch running board about four or five feet off the ground around three sides of the pen. The pigeons will use this for sunning themselves, mating, breeding, etc.

The above is only a part of the information on lofts and housing contained in our new book "Money in Squabs". If you are going to build a pigeon house, or need information on any of the many phases of successful squab breeding, it will more than pay you to have this book described on page 46.



Courtesy Farm Journal, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

A splendid arrangement of house and fly pens. Note the running boards around three edges of the fly; also the large, easily cleaned bath pans.

In building pens of this kind the usual procedure has been to use two-inch mesh poultry netting. In the event that a system of self feeders is to be used in the house, it is recommended that one-inch mesh wire netting be used, to cover the fly pens, as this will keep the sparrows out of the house.

Home Mixed Pigeon Rations

In some parts of the country where grain is plentiful our customers prefer to mix their own pigeon feed instead of using a ready mixed ration. A good ration is mixed as follows:

Summer Breeding Feed

20 lbs. Peas
20 lbs. Corn
25 lbs. Wheat
20 lbs. Oat Groats
5 lbs. Vetch
3 lbs. Millet
2 lbs. Hemp

Winter Breeding Feed

50 lbs. Corn
25 lbs. Wheat
12 lbs. Barley
11 lbs. Peas
1 lb. Flax
1 lb. Hemp

Racing Feed

50 lbs. Corn
40 lbs. Peas
10 lbs. Vetch

In the Breeding Feeds peas may be substituted for Vetch if Vetch is not obtainable. Be sure that all grain used is dry, hard, sound and free from must of any kind. Old corn and old wheat should be used whenever possible. A good Health Grit should be fed with the above rations.

Ann Arbor, Minn.

Frank Foy & Sons.

Gentlemen—I wish to thank you for your prompt shipment of the order for pigeons which I received yesterday, and I am glad to state that the quality of them has fully met with my expectations.

Yours truly,
BRUNO MEINECKE.

Bruceton, Tenn.

Frank Foy & Sons.

Dear Sirs—Enclosed find money for more Lice Exterminator. The trial box I ordered before certainly did the work.

Yours truly,
J. F. CUNNINGHAM.

Louisville, Kentucky.

Frank Foy.

Dear Sir—I received my 200 Hamburg chicks in fine shape. They are a fine lot and I am well pleased with them. Thanks to you for such a fine shipment of baby chicks.

Yours truly,
FRANK T. FALLER.

Shamokin, Pa.

Frank Foy.

Dear Sir—Received my Jersey Black Giant chicks in fine shape. Not one dead. I am much pleased with them. Thanking you for being so prompt in shipping.

Yours truly,
MRS. ANDREW LINSHINSKIE.



Money In Squabs

*Why Pigeons Pay and How to Make Them Pay
A Complete Guide to the Pigeon Raiser
Written in Plain Language, Profusely Illustrated*

THIS Pigeon Book we have just published and we consider it the most complete book for the Pigeon Breeder ever put upon the market, as it contains things you should know. It begins at the beginning and gives every detail of mating, feeding, breeding and caring for pigeons, raising, dressing and marketing squabs. No detail is neglected. It gives plans for squab-breeding houses, flies, feeding arrangements and other details of importance; tells how to care for well pigeons and keep them well; how to doctor sick birds and make them well. It tells how to mate pigeons, how to dress market squabs, how to find a market and how to keep it. This book has been so written as to make it possible for the beginner to start without knowledge of the business and make a success of it. It is, therefore, very valuable to the experienced breeder and worth many dollars to the beginner. The experience of years is written down in this book in plain language and specific terms.

This book is fully illustrated, nicely printed on best quality enameled paper, with elegant cover. You can buy it for only 75c a copy, postpaid.

EVERY POULTRY KEEPER NEEDS THESE PROFIT INCREASING BOOKS

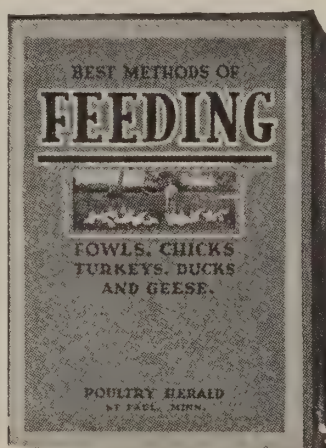
They Contain the Most Useful Information Ever Published—
All Most Conveniently Arranged



Best Methods of Culling

A book that will pay for itself many times over each season. Contains complete information on culling that will enable you to easily pick out the slackers from the heavy laying hens. Written so as to be easily understood, and completely illustrated with actual photographs showing exactly how the tests are made.

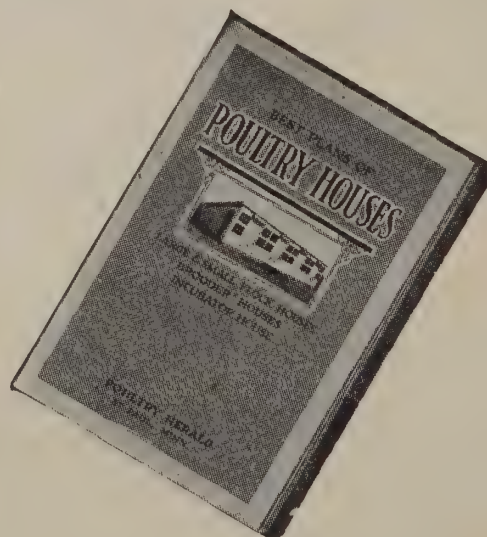
Price, 50c Postpaid.



Best Methods of Feeding

Explains how chickens, turkeys, ducks and geese are fed from the time they are hatched until they are fattened and ready for market. A book full of boiled down, plain and simple feeding formulas for starting, growing, laying and fattening mashers. Tells how to feed all kinds of fowls for best results.

Price, 50c Postpaid.



Best Plans of Poultry Houses

This book describes and illustrates plans of large and small colonies. Movable and stationary colony houses, brooder houses and incubator cellar. Plans of houses, large and small, for any climate. Completely illustrated from photographs and drawings with itemized list of lumber and materials needed in each house.

Price, 50c Postpaid.

Frank Foy's Famous "DeLuxe By Pass" Coal Brooder

Coal Capacity
Convenience
Construction
Control

POSITIVELY AUTOMATIC

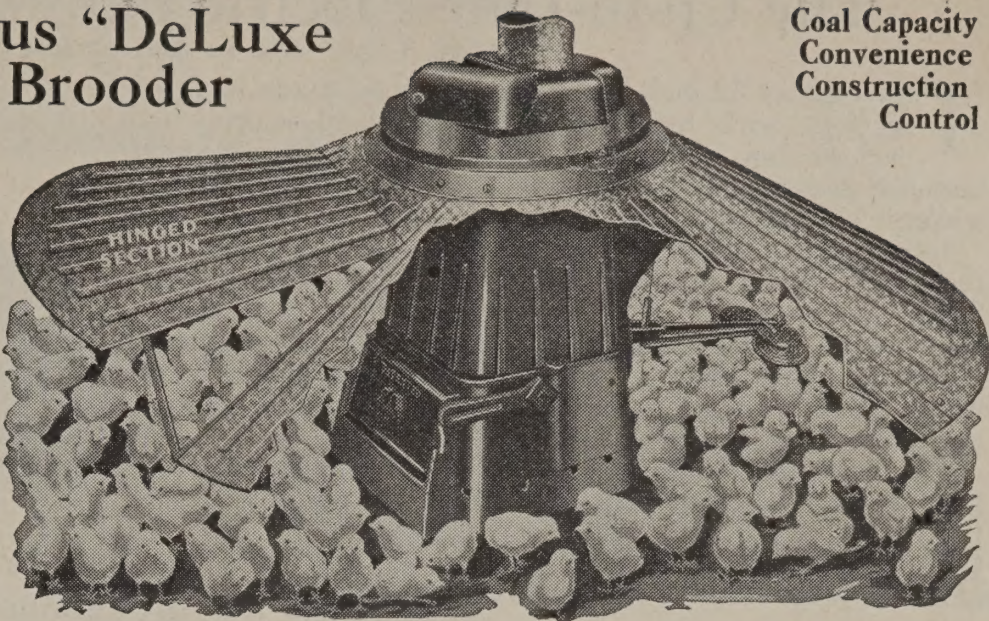
Now—increased coal capacity—greater than in brooders advertised and selling at much higher prices—enough to hold fire all night easily and to make frequent cooling unnecessary.

CONVENIENCE—Large top door for easy coaling—Removable baffle plate allows easy removal of soot—Heavy rocker grates shake ashes quickly—Single damper control easy to adjust and stay set.

CONSTRUCTION—Built of best cast iron, unusually heavy, all parts carefully fitted, whole carefully inspected.

CONTROL—Entirely automatic—not affected by high winds. One patented double acting damper works both check and draft and will check fire in any wind.

\$2.00 discount will be allowed when this brooder is ordered with 200 or more Frank Foy Chicks.



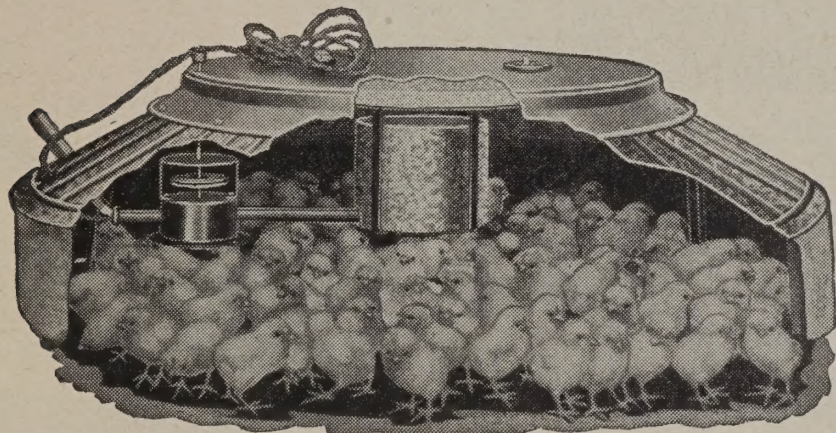
42" Canopy	52" Canopy	62" Canopy
500 Chick Capacity	1000 Chick Capacity	1400 Chick Capacity
Price \$12.00	Price \$14.00	Price \$16.00

Frank Foy's Electric Brooder

A Newer and Better
Electric Brooder
Positive Control

Perfected Insulation
Warm Air Circulating
Heating System

THE FINEST ELECTRIC
ON THE MARKET



AUTOMATIC ELECTRIC

REGAL ELECTRIC BROODER

TO know how easy and carefree the brooding of chicks can be, get a Regal Electric. Plug it into a light socket and know that your chicks are getting steady, tempered heat with no danger of fire, or chilling or crowding.

The improved automatic switch and heater assembly is brazed into a trouble-proof one piece unit. There is no wiring on the canopy. It is all concealed and out of the way. No chance for dangerous shorts. The ten foot extension leads through a fiber bushing into the switch box, then through the hollow conduit to the heater. The super-sensitive automatic switch can't stick, the points can't burn or pit and the action of the switch doesn't interfere with your radio. Just one simple adjustment to control the heat where you want it.

The heater works like a pipeless furnace, forcing a heavy volume of warm moist air to all parts of the canopy, and preventing the sweating usually found in electric brooders. There's a ventilator in the top to change the air. A tailored heavy cloth curtain is clipped to the canopy edge and is removable in a jiffy for cleaning.

The big drawn steel canopy ring is fully insulated with heat saving Celotex, with an inner lining of galvanized steel. The interior of the

brooder is all clear steel, reflecting the heat downward. No asbestos paper, no wiring to collect dirt and absorb the heat.

The brooder is equipped with a 300 watt element in the 30" and 42" sizes, and a 600 watt in the 52" and 62" sizes. It comes with canopy sections knocked down and the heater switch assembly complete and ready to use. Setting up the canopy requires but a very few minutes. A high grade thermometer is included, no extras to buy.

SPECIFICATIONS AND PRICES

Canopy Diameter	Size of Element	Chick Capacity	Price Each	With 200 or more Foy Chicks
30"	300 watts	125	\$ 8.50	
42"	300 watts	200	11.00	\$ 9.00
52"	600 watts	400	13.00	11.00

WICKS, THERMOSTAT WAFERS, THERMOMETERS

We carry in stock a complete line of repairs for all types of our brooders.
Copper Woven Asbestos Wicks for Blue Flame Oil Brooders (state size when ordering), price each... 25 cents
Double Brass Thermostat Wafers for coal brooders and automatic oil brooders, price each..... 50 cents
Tested Incubator Thermometers, price each..... 50 cents
Tested Brooder Thermometers, price each..... 50 cents

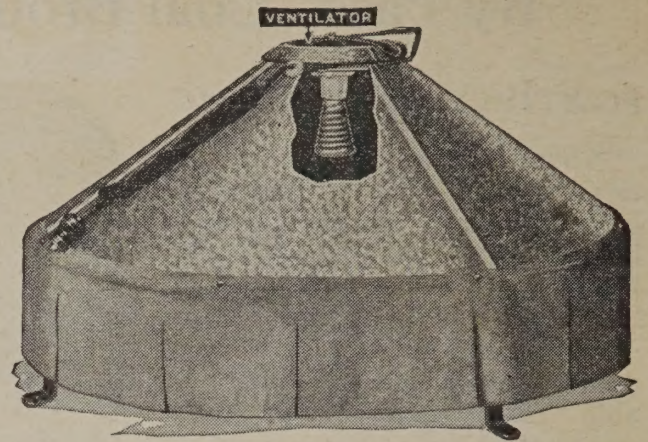
The Up-to-Date Electric Baby Chick Brooder

Large Type—150 to 250 Chick Size

THE regular 32 inch K. D. canopy size, made in four sections, with heavy metal legs, fastened securely to each section by stove bolts; heavy cloth six-inch skirt fastened securely by metal brass fasteners through metal eyelets; skirt easily removed for cleaning.

Large type electric brooder is equipped with porcelain receptacle with an 8-foot extension cord, fastened to metal flange underneath regulator. Hand regulator gives absolute control of heat underneath canopy, all surplus heat thrown out into room. Heating element has no glow, no bright light to bother baby chicks at night, sufficient heat, using 100 watts heating element.

Packed carefully in carton, easily set up by anyone. Sent by parcel post or express. Weight 12 pounds.



24 in. 50 chick size (without automatic control)	\$ 3.50
32 in. 75 to 100 chick size (with automatic control)	10.00
42 in. 150 to 200 chick size (with automatic control)	12.00

NO DISCOUNT ON THIS BROODER

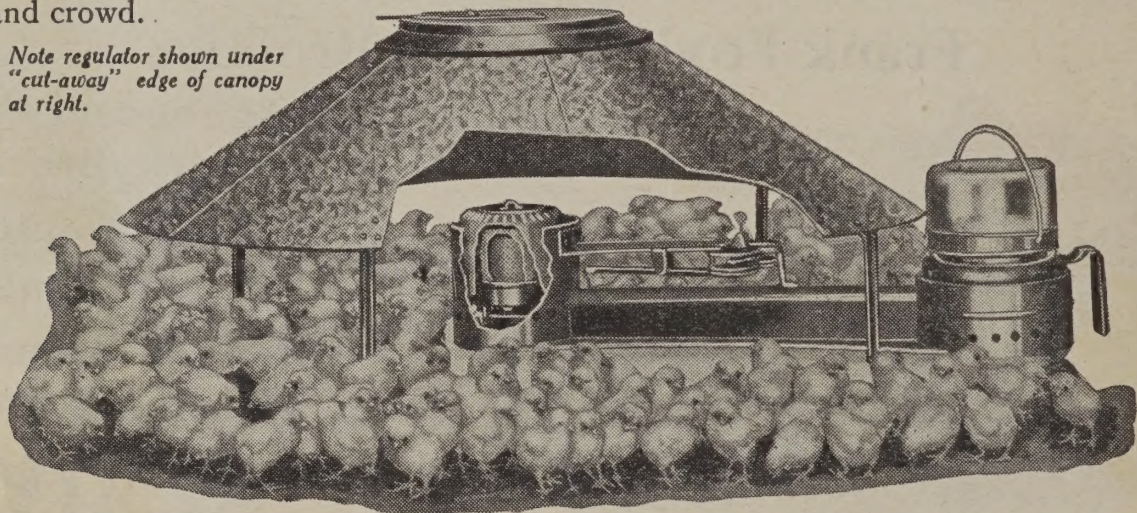
Frank Foy *Automatic DeLuxe* Blue Flame Oil Brooders

Here, at last, is an oil brooder with positive, yet simple, thermostatic control—so that you get oil economy with perfect warmth and safety for the chicks. Automatically lowers flame when temperature increases. Action of chicks can not disturb the control. Chicks do not get overheated and crowd.

Prices:

32-in. Canopy size, wt. 35 lbs.....	\$10.00
42-in. Canopy size, wt. 42 lbs.....	11.00
52-in. Canopy size, wt. 49 lbs.....	12.00

Note regulator shown under "cut-away" edge of canopy at right.



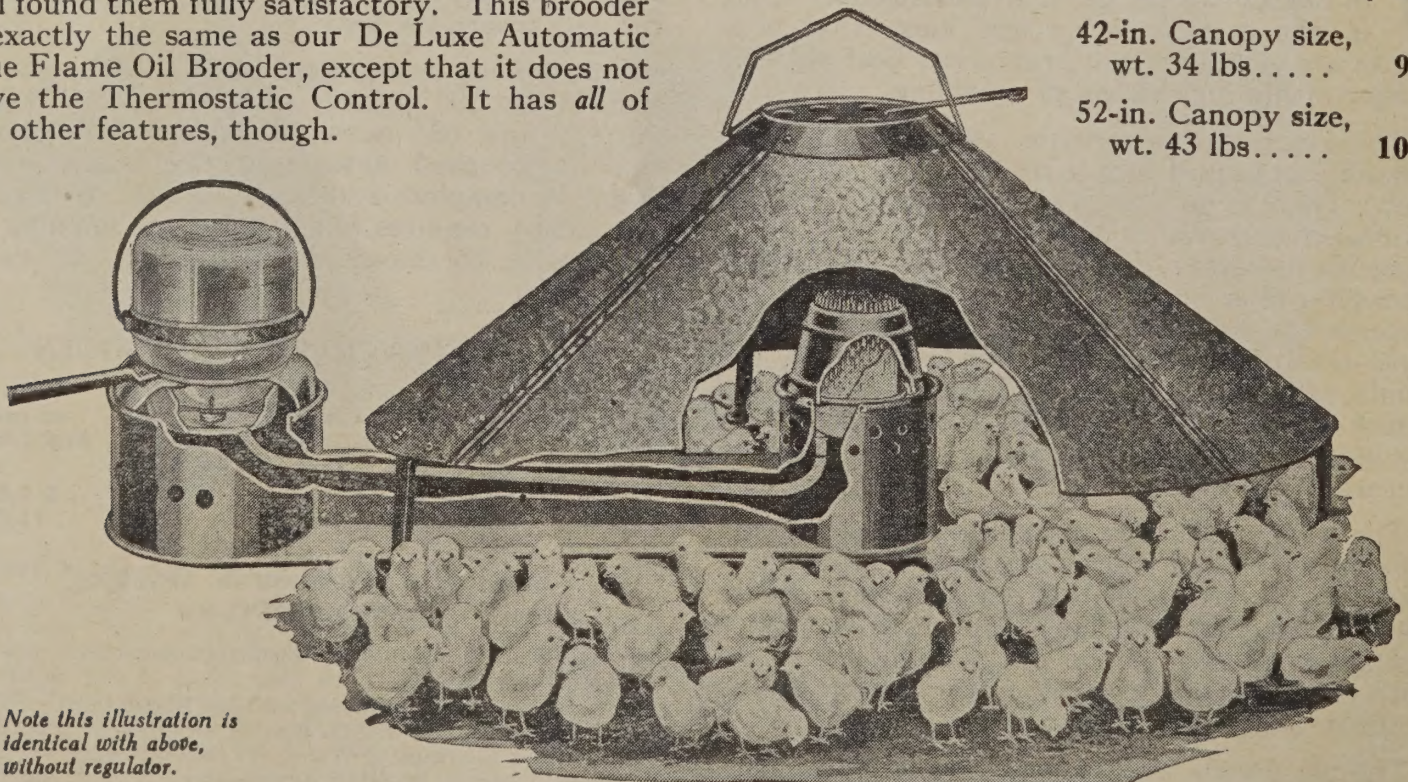
\$2.00 discount will be allowed when this brooder is ordered with 200 or more Frank Foy chicks.

Frank Foy *Simplex DeLuxe* Blue Flame Oil Brooders

Do not judge this brooder by its low price. I have used this type in my own hatcheries and found them fully satisfactory. This brooder is exactly the same as our De Luxe Automatic Blue Flame Oil Brooder, except that it does not have the Thermostatic Control. It has *all* of the other features, though.

Prices:

32-in. Canopy size, wt. 31 lbs.....	\$ 8.00
42-in. Canopy size, wt. 34 lbs.....	9.00
52-in. Canopy size, wt. 43 lbs.....	10.00



Note this illustration is identical with above, without regulator.

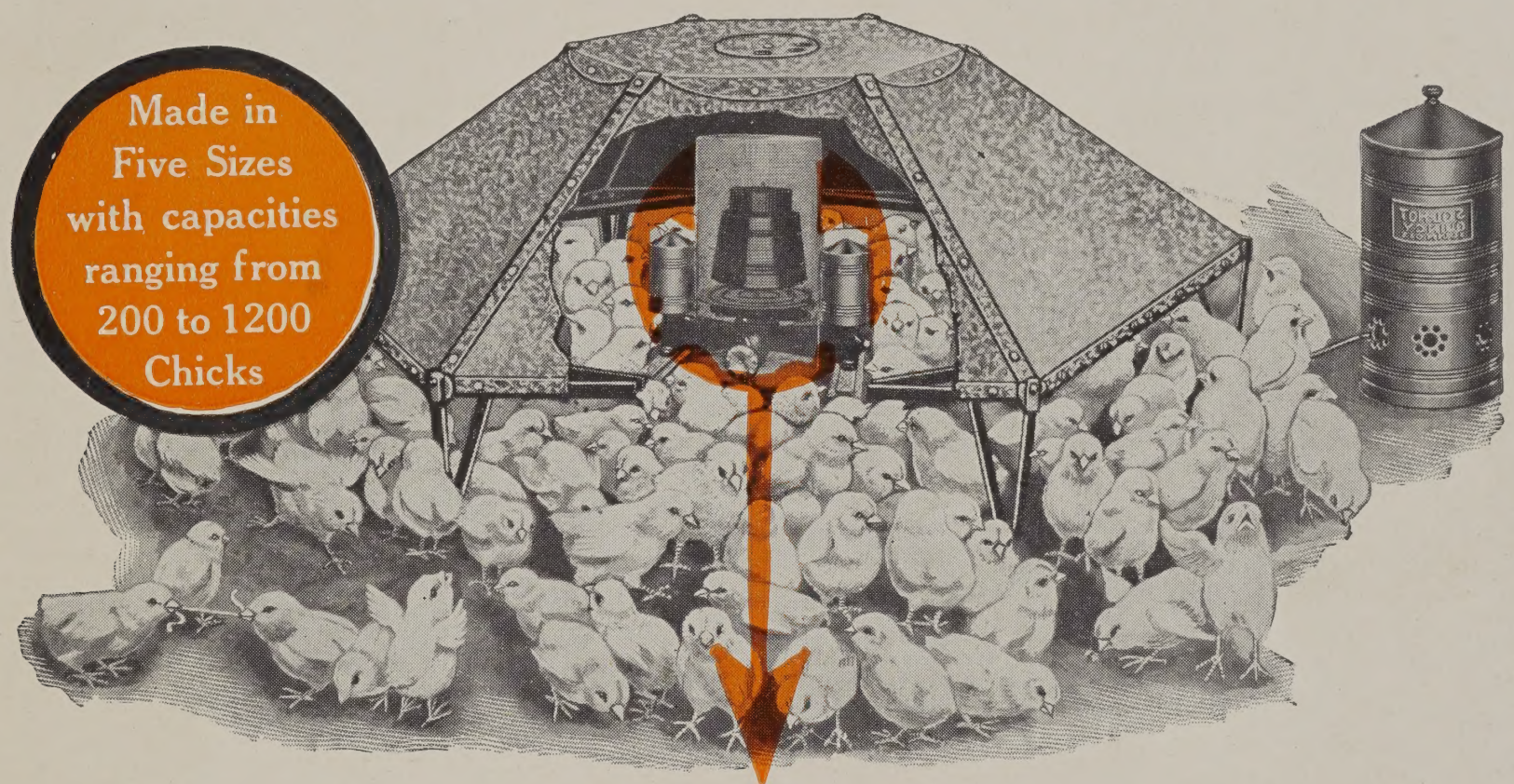
\$2.00 discount will be allowed when this brooder is ordered with 200 or more Frank Foy chicks.

The New **SOL HOT** Twin Float

Oil Burning Brooder

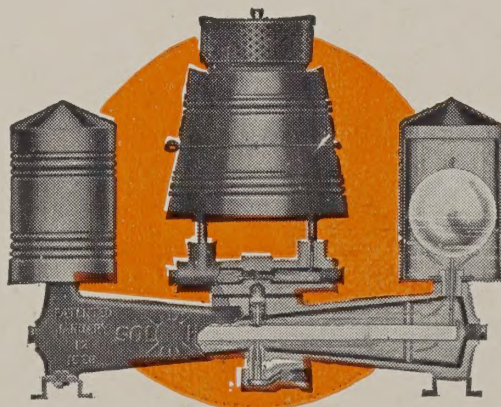
IN our opinion the best oil brooder on the market today, regardless of price. Simple in construction, but sturdily built and will last a lifetime. We have sixteen of these Sol Hot brooders in constant operation in our hatchery during six months of the year. We have tried all makes and

kinds, but have never yet found a brooder that will take less oil, that is as easy to operate, or that is as safe and dependable as this one. A good, reliable, easily operated brooder is the first necessity for raising chicks in large numbers. This is your brooder, if you want the best.



A FEW OF THE MANY ADVANTAGES

Wickless—No wicks to clean or burn out. No smoke, no gas, no jug to fill—Oil container is of unbreakable metal, easy to fill. Oil container can be set either inside or outside of house. Wickless burner usually needs to be



cleaned once a month, requiring about a minute's time.

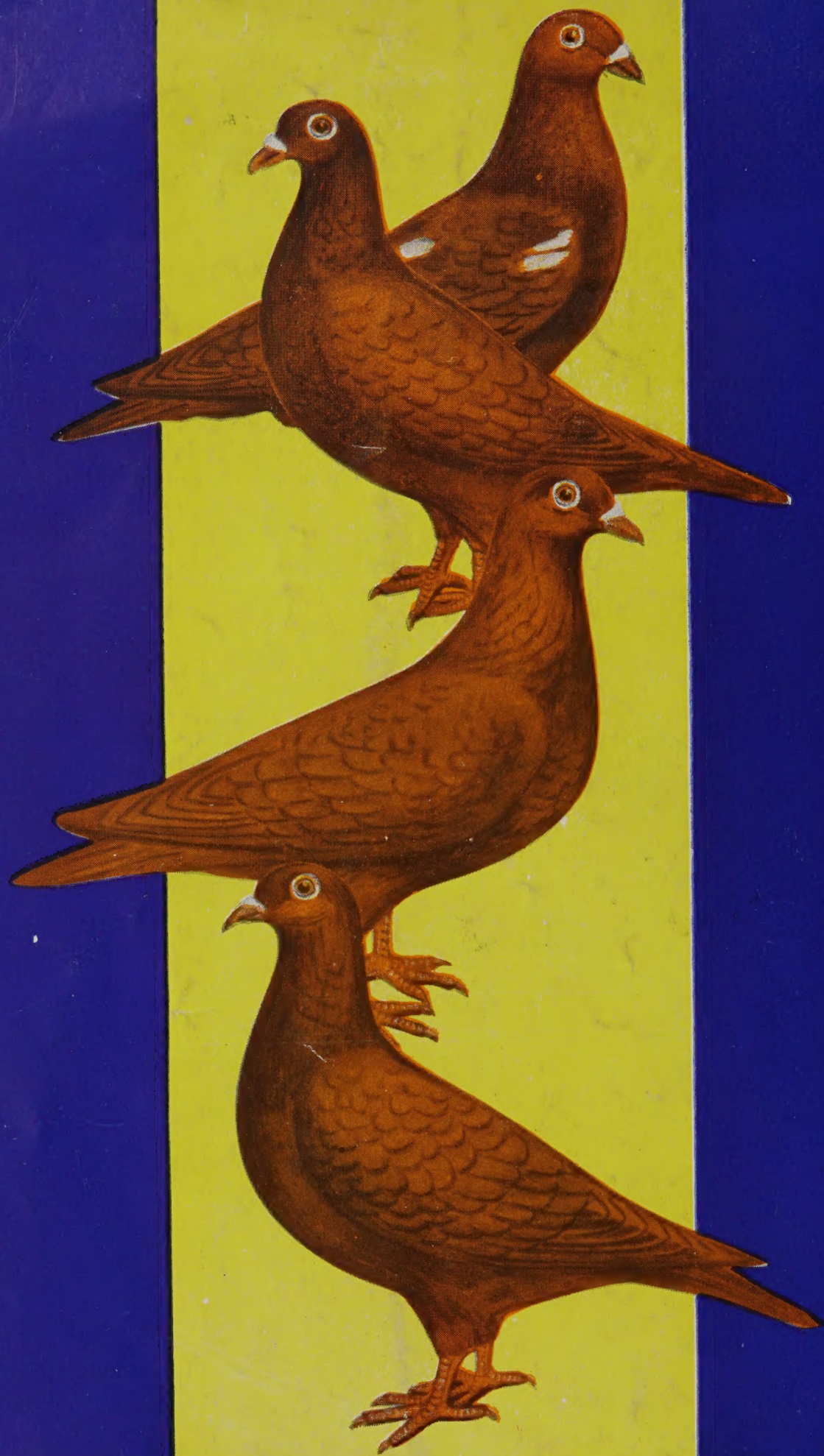
Patented twin float construction assures constant oil level, even though floor sag or be uneven.

Canopy is hexagon shaped, flat on top, reinforced with heavy strap iron, and when tilted back supports itself.

Prices

		Regular price	With an order for 200 or more Foy Chicks
24 inch canopy (100 chick size)		\$11.50	
34 inch canopy	250	16.00	\$13.00
44 inch canopy	500	17.00	13.75
54 inch canopy	1000	18.00	14.50
64 inch canopy	1200 (with Giant Burner)	21.50	17.50

Please read page 15 regarding brooder capacities.



**BREEDERS OF
PURE BRED POULTRY
SINCE 1893**